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FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

Admitting Prisoners to Bail After Sentence—Coal and Lumber Tax on the Monongahela—Certificates of Honor to Soldiers—Five Transportation Bill Reconsidered—Pittsburgh Consolidation Act Supplement—Duquesne Borough Annexation Bill—Free Railroad Bill in House—Motion to Non-Concur.

[Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 20, 1868.

SENATE.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. WHITE, of Indiana, admitting prisoners to bail after sentence, on writs of error or *certiorari*, until the decision of the case by the Supreme Court.

Mr. GLATZ, of York, prohibiting the intermarriage of the black and white races in Pennsylvania—penalty fine and imprisonment.

Mr. McCONAUGHEY, of Adams, confirming the title of Telegraph companies in other States to property in Pennsylvania.

Mr. ERRETT, of Allegheny, incorporating the National Deposit Company.

Repealing the transportation tax on coal and lumber transported over the Monongahela slack water navigation. Discussed.

Mr. McCONAUGHEY'S joint resolution for engraved certificates of honor to soldiers was discussed, pending which the Senate adjourned till evening.

BILLS PASSED FINALLY.

The following bills were passed at the evening session of the Senate:

Relating to surplus bounty funds, which authorizes the authorities who have levied a bounty tax to pay the surplus to school Treasurers for school purposes.

Enabling married women to contract for rental of dwellings and store houses.

Supplement to the jury law, which requires the Jury Commissioners to deposit the wheel, after filling and locking, with the County Commissioners. The Jury Commissioners are paid two dollars and fifty cents per day employed and four cents mileage.

Authorizing the Supreme Court reporter to publish minority opinions.

Exempting mortages and other money securities from taxation.

Authorizing a special tax in Waynesburg, Greene county, to pay indebtedness.

NEW JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Mr. RANDALL, of Schuylkill, moved to discharge the committee from the consideration of the bill repealing the act of last year creating a new judicial district of Dauphin, Lebanon and Schuylkill. Agreed to by sixteen to thirteen, and made the special order for Thursday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

BILL RECONSIDERED.

Mr. NICHOLSON, of Bedford, moved a reconsideration of the bill, passed yesterday, incorporating the Limestone Oil Pipe Transportation Company of Warren. Agreed to and postponed till Wednesday.

SUPPLEMENTARY CONSOLIDATION BILL.

Mr. FORD, from the Committee on Municipal Corporations, reported a supplement to the Pittsburgh Consolidation act, with amendment exempting new districts from the payment of any indebtedness of the old city.

DUQUESNE ANNEXATION BILL.

Mr. SMITH, from the same Committee, affirmatively, the bill annexing part of Duquesne borough to Allegheny City.

Several hundred other reports were received.

FREE RAILROAD BILL.

Mr. WILSON of Allegheny, moved that the House refuse to concur in the Senate amendment to the Free Railroad bill. Postponed.

Adjourned till afternoon.

PENSION BILL PASSED.

Afternoon Session.—The pension bill for soldiers of 1812 and widows passed finally—requiring proof of one month's service, or wounds in the service, and necessitous circumstances.

PUBLIC BILLS PASSED FINALLY.

Validating marriages heretofore made within degrees of consanguinity, legitimating the issue thereof, and prohibiting such marriages in the future.

Extending the fee bill of 1865 for one year.

Paying Solomon O'Bail, grandson of Cornplanter, two hundred and fifty dollars.

Authorizing the Secretary of the Commonwealth to record official bonds of all State officers.

BILLS DEFEATED

Respecting the act of 1867, compelling the admission of negroes to cars.

A supplement to the election laws, requiring separate slips for ward and city officers.

CORRECTION.

The People's Passenger Railroad of Pittsburgh was objected off the calendar yesterday, and not passed finally, as inaccurately reported in to-day's papers.

STEUBENVILLE, OHIO.

Woolen Factory of Wallace & Co. Destroyed by Fire—Loss $85,000—No Insurance.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

STEUBENVILLE, Ohio, February 20.—The large four story brick Woolen Factory of James Wallace & Co., in this city, was destroyed by fire about eight o'clock this morning. It is a total loss. Nothing was saved except manufactured goods in an adjoining building, which was fire proof. Loss on building and machinery is about $40,000, and $45,000 on stock and goods in process of manufacture. No insurance. The cause of the fire is unknown. It originated in the fourth story, where there had been no fire for a long time. The fire spread very rapidly and several of the operatives barely escaped. One young girl is probably fatally injured by jumping from the third story.

ARIZONA

Desperate Fight Between Indians and United States Troops—Scouting Party Ambushed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—Late Arizona advices give partial particulars of a fight between the Wallahey Indians, under three principal chiefs, and a force of United States troops, resulting in the success of the latter. The Indians were armed with Henry, Spencer and Sharp's rifles, and fought with great bravery. Twenty-five Indians were killed and wounded.

A scouting party of soldiers, under command of Lieutenant Stevenson, was ambushed by Indians, but succeeded in escaping without loss of life. Lieutenant Stevenson was fearfully and it was feared fatally wounded. One soldier was slightly wounded.

Mining intelligence is favorable.

WASHINGTON, PA.

Acquittal of Tom. Whittaker for the Robbery of Nancy Sproull.

[For Western Union Telegraph, 2 P. M.]

WASHINGTON, PA., Feb. 20, 1868.

The jury in the case of Commonwealth vs. Thomas Whittaker, indicted for the robbery of Nancy Sproull, sister of David Sproull, for whose murder the same Whittaker was tried and acquitted at last August term, have just returned a verdict of not guilty, and Whittaker was discharged by proclamation.

New Jersey Legislature.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TRENTON, N. J., February 20.—The House to-day concurred in the action of the Senate withdrawing the State's consent to the ratification of the fourteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1786

Pittsburgh Gazett

VOLUME LXXXIII. PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1868

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, February 20, 1868.

SENATE.

The Chair submitted a communication from the Secretary of the Treasury, in reply to a resolution of inquiry, setting forth his views in regard to the better security of passengers in steamships. Referred to Committee on Commerce.

Also, a communication from the President in reply to a resolution of inquiry, transmitting the report of the Attorney General, with a list of counterfeiters pardoned, &c. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

Mr. STEWART, from Committee on Mines and Mining, reported, with amendments, the bill to establish a National School of Mines.

Mr. ANTHONY moved that when the Senate adjourn it be till Monday.

After discussion the motion was lost.

On motion of Mr. TRUMBULL, the House bill to amend the act of March 2d, 1867, supplementary to the bill for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2d, 1867, and to facilitate their restoration, was taken up.

Mr. TRUMBULL read from the Chicago *Republican* the statement of a correspondent in regard to Congressional action, laying upon the Senate the responsibility of the requirements of at least one-half the registered votes for the ratification of a Constitution, which he stated was untrue, and explained the circumstances, saying the House had all along insisted on requiring such a provision, which was finally adopted in the Senate by but one majority.

Mr. YATES withdrew his motion, made yesterday, to take up the bill to admit Colorado, giving notice he would move to take it up when the pending bill was disposed of.

Mr. TRUMBULL continued. He read further from the article in the Chicago *Republican*, an assertion that many Radicals complained of the disposition he was disposed to have manifested in endeavoring to stifle this bill, by keeping it in the hands of the Committee for three weeks, and that these complaints had now assumed a threatening form, and that Mr. Lovejoy, of Illinois, would make an attack on him in open Senate for his opposition to the bill.

Mr. MORTON said he had never made any such threat, nor had he any purpose of the kind.

Mr. TRUMBULL read from the *Globe* in regard to his action on the original bill in March last, shewing he had been a prominent opponent of the majority principle, and had been interrupted by Senator Howard for the views he expressed on that occasion. He did not recognize the applicability of the term Radical to himself or his colleague, saying they were both acting together as a body, for the Union, to reconstruct the Southern States and restore their relations to the Union. He had always believed, as he did now, that it was wrong to give the franchise to a class of all who were kept from the polls by sickness, death or removal, as well as those who intentionally stayed away.

Mr. BUCKALEW offered an amendment that the bill operate from ten days residence in the district before the election before a person is permitted to vote, the bill heretofore published allowing registered persons to vote anywhere in the State.

Mr. DAVIS took the floor to conclude his half finished speech, which was interrupted some days since by the resolution to admit Mr. Thomas, of Maryland. Without concluding, he instructed the Judiciary Committee to report in favor of repealing all acts heretofore passed on the subject of reconstruction. He reviewed the whole ground of reconstruction, quoting the federal judicial decisions, &c., to combat the assumption of the sole power by Congress over reconstruction, and closed by charging on the majority the design to maintain their power by the establishment of negro suffrage and disfranchising large numbers of the white race.

Mr. CONKLING got the floor, but he having asked whether it was the purpose to proceed with its consideration to-night, some discussion ensued upon that point, closing with the understanding that the bill will be passed to, to-morrow, an opportunity given for debate on the supplementary reconstruction bill, the consideration of which is to follow immediately. Messrs. SAULSBURY, THAYER and others proposing to speak on the general subject.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. EGGLESTON, on personal explanation, said he had voted last Friday against the bill for the extension of the wood-screw patent, but his vote had not been recorded. He wished to make this statement, as the papers were imputing a dodging of the vote.

Mr. HUBBARD, New York, offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Public Buildings to inquire into the late receipts of Henry A. Smythe, Collector of the Port of New York, in his official capacity, whether such receipts have been derived from fines, penalties and forfeitures, or otherwise, and if otherwise send for persons and papers and to examine witnesses under oath. Adopted.

The report of the Committee on Accounts, on charges made against Mr. Ordway, Superintendent of Mails, was received.

On motion of Mr. CLARKE, of Kansas, the Postmaster General was directed to furnish various items of information in regard to the transportation of the overland mails.

Mr. BANKS, from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, reported the bill concerning the rights of American citizens in foreign States. Ordered printed and recommitted.

Mr. HOPKINS, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported a bill to regulate the disposition of lands that may hereafter be given to aid in the construction of railroads. Ordered printed. The bill, which is reported unanimously, provides that all lands hereafter granted for railroad purposes shall be granted to States or Territories as the roads are to be constructed, and shall be by them sold to actual settlers at a price not exceeding two and a half dollars per acre, the proceeds to be paid to the railroad company. The object is to prevent the withdrawal of large quantities of land from the market and their monopoly by corporations, and to encourage the settlement of the country.

Mr. McCULLOUGH, from a select committee on Southern Railroads, made a report showing in the testimony taken before the Committee facts had come out which indicated corruption in the Post Office Department, and suggested that as that Committee was not authorized to pursue the investigation, the matter be referred to another Committee for further examination. The report closes with a resolution for a Committee to examine into the subject of contracts with the Post Office Department for transportation of United States Mails, and report such facts as may be deemed of importance, particularly whether or not there are any evidences of corruption, with authority to send for persons and papers.

After debate the resolution was referred to the Committee on Expenditures of the Postoffice Department.

Mr. PAINE, rising to a personal explanation, sent to the Clerk's desk and had read a paragraph in the Washington correspondence of the New York *Tribune* of the 12th of February, asserting the substantial correctness of a previous paragraph in reference to incidents alleged to have taken place in the Committee on the subject of impeachment, and indicating the Chairman of the Committee (Mr. Stevens) as autaority for the statement. He also sent up a paper, signed by Messrs. Bingham, Farnsworth, Boutwell, Brooks, Hurlburd, Beaman and Schenck, all the members of the Reconstruction Committee except Messrs. Stevens and Paine, as follows;

"The undersigned deem it but just to say that the forgoing statement, reciting the paragraph in the *Tribune* of the 12th of February, of what Mr. Stevens said and did in reference to Mr. Paine is in every particular untrue and without the least color of truth. They further say General Paine never attempted to leave the room, nor manifested any desire to evade the question on impeachment of the President, but on the contrary, stated his opinion, and voted without rebuke of reproof or dictation from Mr. Stevens or any other member of the Committee."

Mr. PAINE added. This disposes of the only issue of fact to which I am a party. I have had no conversation on the subject of this correspondence, either with the correspondent or with the Chairman of the Committee.

Mr. STEVENS, who had just entered the hall and was occupying a seat near the door, rose to address the Speaker, and this was the signal for a general rush of members towards the area where he stood. He said: "I did not know that this was coming up. Yet I have a single word to say about it. That whole statement in the *Tribune* is false from beginning to end. Nor have I had any conversation of the kind with any human being." Mr. Stevens said no more.

Mr. ELDRIDGE suggested, by way of inquiry to the Speaker, whether that made out the correspondent something less than a human being?

The SPEAKER declined to express any opinion on the subject.

A large number of bills, granting pensions to individuals, were reported from the Committee on Invalid Pensions, and were passed.

Mr. MILLER, from the Committee on Invalid Pensions, reported a bill extending the provisions of the 21st section of the act of July 18th, 1862, relating to the naturalization of soldiers, to those who enlisted in the naval or marine service of the United States.

Mr. PIKE moved to refer the bill to the Committee on Naval Affairs. Disagreed to—Yeas, fifty-four; Nays, seventy-four.

Mr. PILE moved to amend the bill by inserting the words "and have been or may hereafter be honorably discharged."

Agreed to and the bill passed.

Mr. PERHAM, from the Committee on Invalid Pensions, reported a bill to provide for the payment, out of the naval fund, of pensions of widows and other dependents of officers, seamen, firemen and coal heavers.

Mr. BINGHAM, from the Committee on Reconstruction, reported a bill to remove disabilities from Governor Holden and others. Ordered to be printed and recommitted.

Mr. LOGAN having had read by the clerk a response of the Secretary of the Treasury, under date of Jan. 28th, to an inquiry in reference to substitution of Ten-Forty bonds for Five-Twenties, on deposit in the Treasury to secure the circulation of National Banks, asserted that the sales of Ten-Forties to the amount of $8,000,000, from the first of October, 1867, to the 21st of January, 1868, made by order of the Secretary of the Treasury, were, with the exception of five small sales, made at a less premium than regular quotations in the New York market. He had calculated the difference and found the Government would lose by the Secretary's commission of one-eighth of one per cent. given to Jay Cooke & Co., and amounting to $10,177, making the whole loss $54,441. He also referred to a letter purporting to be written by the Secretary of the Treasury to a gentleman controlling a National Bank, stating that he would accept Ten-Forties in lieu of Five-Twenties at eighty-seven and a half, while in his report the Secretary says they had never been received at a higher rate than eighty-five. Having made his statement, he asked leave to offer a resolution directing the Secretary of the Treasury to inform the House whether such letter, dated December 30, was written by Mr. Morgan, of New Jersey, and whether the propositions therein contained were complied with by the party to whom addressed, and also whether the sales of Ten-Forty bonds from October 1st, 1867, to January 20, 1868, were at rates equal to the daily quotations in New York, &c.

Debated, and adopted.

The House, at 5 o'clock, went into Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, Mr. ALLISON in the chair, and resumed the consideration of the army appropriation bill.

Mr. VAN WYCK made a raid upon the appropriations for assessing, but was not successful in having any stricken out.

Mr. SCHENCK offered an amendment for applying unexpended balances to these appropriations. Agreed to.

Mr. SCHENCK offered an amendment limiting the total expenditures for Rock Island Arsenal to the amount appropriated. Rejected.

The Committee rose and reported the bill to the House, which proceeded to vote on the amendments.

The amendment for the reduction of the army was adopted—sixty-seven to sixty-two.

All the amendments having been disposed of, Mr. PAINE called for the yeas and nays on the passage of the bill. It passed by sixty-three to thirty-six.

Mr. LOGAN moved to amend the title by adding to it the words "and to deprive all non-commissioned and volunteer officers in the service of the United States of promotion under the law as it now stands."

Mr. BLAINE declared the gentleman who opposed the amendment looking to a reduction of the army misapprehended entirely the scope and object and purpose of the amendment, and charged upon them that if they succeeded in their attempt they would be stabbing the officers of thirty regiments, who would have to be mustered out in a year or two.

Mr. LOGAN intimated the amendment had been offered without the instruction of the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. BLAINE declared what authority he had for the statement.

Mr. LOGAN replied he had the gentleman's own authority. He had stated yesterday he had taken it from General Grant.

Mr. BANKS reminded Mr. Logan that the gentleman (Mr. Blaine's) statement was that the proviso was dictated by General Grant.

Mr. LOGAN declared that the proviso deprived every non-commissioned officer of his right to be examined for a commission and operated as a stab against volunteer officers.

Mr. BLAINE remarked he was familiar with all this howl about stabbing volunteer officers. There were now in commission over two thousand men who received commissions for meritorious conduct during the late war, and the question was whether a system should be followed which would necessitate the mustering out of half of them within a few months, leaving no room for any future promotion for a couple of years as would leave those men in the enjoyment of their commissions. But if West Point was not for the education of military officers, he would like to know what it was for. Was it a charity school? Congress should either maintain the character of West Point, or abolish it.

Mr. BLAINE was continued in animated style by Messrs. BLAINE, LOGAN, SCHENCK, BUTLER, BOUTWELL, BANKS and PAINE.

Finally the vote on the passage of the bill was reconsidered, and Mr. BLAINE withdrew the objectionable proviso.

The bill then passed without the proviso.

Mr. MORRILL asked leave to report from the Committee on Agriculture a resolution instructing the Committee of Ways and Means to report bills providing for the removal of Internal Revenue tax from all useful productions, and for the adjustment of imported Tobacco duties, so as to equalize the disparities in the cost of capital and labor between the United States and other competing nations, to encourage the importation of the skilled laborer instead of the products of his labor, to secure the balance of trade in favor of the United States, and thus insure to the nation financial solvency and a sound permanent return to specie values, to industrial prosperity and true independence. Objection was made.

Adjourned.

VARIOUS TELEGRAMS.

—A dispatch from Havana, says: The question of the rights of naturalized American citizens is absorbing the attention of many Cubans. There are rumors that the Spanish Government has authorized the Captain General to transport one hundred and seventy criminals to Africa. The shoemaker who brutally murdered his wife with an axe, a short time ago, was executed yesterday.

—A man named Henry R. Ellsworth pleaded guilty to a charge of bigamy in the Police Court at Buffalo, yesterday. The prisoner was married in Lake county, Ohio, in March, 1845, to one Caroline Henderson, and re-married in this city September, 1867, to Lucy McNeil. Ellsworth claims he was intoxicated at the time of the last marriage and not responsible for the act.

—In the Supreme Court of New York, on Wednesday, a citizen of New York sued a firm in Texas for the recovery of certain goods delivered during the war. The claimants were non-suited, on the ground that the contract was treasonable and unlawful.

—Mayor Tomppert, of Louisville, Ky., was assaulted and badly beaten in a bar room last night by Harry Kirby, a discharged policeman. Kirby was arrested and bailed in the sum of one thousand dollars.

—Robert Osgood, defaulting teller of the Irving National Bank of New York, has been sentenced to five years in the State Prison. He plead guilty to misdemeanor under the National Bank act.

—A detachment of one hundred and fifty recruits for the Papal Zouaves passed through Massachusetts on Thursday, on their way from Montreal to New York.

—At Hillsdale, Michigan, Wednesday night, the Waldron House was destroyed by fire, causing a loss of $40,000. Cause, explosion of a kerosene lamp.

—The Board of Aldermen of New York have passed a resolution inviting the session of the Democratic National Convention in that city.

—It is generally understood Rev. Dr. Tyng will be found guilty and receive admonition for violating a canon of the Episcopal Church.

—A large steam mill at Richmond, Vt., owned by J. Jewell, was destroyed by fire last evening. Loss unascertained.

—The whisky meter commission will meet in Washington on Monday next to learn their practical value.

—Bishop Stevens was slightly injured by a railroad accident at Wilkesbarre, Pa., Thursday morning.

SECOND EDITION,
THREE O'CLOCK A. M.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The New Military Department.

The Order Partially Revoked.

Removal of Rebel Disabilities.

National Democratic Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, February 20, 1868.

GEN. SHERMAN—ORDER REVOKED.

So much of General Orders No. 10, issued by the President, as assigns Lieut. Gen. Sherman to the command of the newly created Military Division of the Atlantic, headquarters in this city, has been revoked, and Gen. Sherman will continue in command of the Division of Missouri. No new assignment to the Division of the Atlantic has been made, though as yet that portion of the order is not revoked.

SURVEY COMPLETED.

The United States Surveyor, appointed to establish a boundary between Oregon and Idaho, has reported the completion of the survey.

COMMISSION DISSOLVED.

The board of army officers, consisting of Lieut. Gen. Sherman, Major Gen. Sheridan and Brevet Major Gen. Augur, recently convened in this city to examine into the proposed system of revised army regulations, has been dissolved.

PROTECTION OF PASSENGERS AT SEA.

The Secretary of the Treasury, in a communication to the Senate, respectfully urges upon the attention of Congress the necessity of providing for the better protection of steerage passengers at sea, by law, through and immediate revision of the laws now in force.

RELIEF FROM DISABILITIES.

The bill reported by Representative Bingham to-day, from the Committee on Reconstruction, is as follows:

Be it enacted, &c., That the several persons hereinafter named be and are hereby severally relieved from all disabilities imposed upon them, or either of them, by the laws of the United States, to-wit: Messrs. Wm. Holden N. C.; J. Rogers, of Wake county, N. C.; Wm. A. Smith, of Johnson county, N. C.; Calvin C. Coules, of Wilkes county, N. C.; Thos. Little, of Rockingham county, N. C.; Pape Blackmers, of Romera county, N. C.; Reverdy Johnson, of Anne Arundel county, Mississippi; Joshua S. Morrisey, of Claiborne county, Mississippi; James R. Berry, of Little Rock, Arkansas; Victor C. Benninger, of S. C.; Gen. James Longstreet, of Carrollton, Louisiana; Gov. of Texas, and Thomas C. Mackey, of South Carolina; James E. Brown, of Dekalb county, Ga.; and James L. Orr, of South Carolina.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

Few of the National Democratic Committee have yet arrived, but it is expected nearly all the absentees will reach the city to-morrow, when a meeting for consultation will be held, preliminary to one on Saturday for fixing the time and place Sixty leading men constitute Democratic Convention. Democratic politicians have arrived here from all parts of the country on business connected with the Convention.

CUSTOMS.

The receipts of customs for the week ending on the 15th were $2,916,458.

FROM EUROPE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LONDON, February 20—*Evening.*—Advices to the first of January, received from the English captives in Abyssinia, state that they were all safe and well.

LONDON, February 20.—*Evening.*—Late advices from Cape Town, Africa, state the Supreme Court of Natal have at last decided the question of the Church property in favor of Bishop Colenso.

The weekly returns of the Bank of England show the bullion in the vault to have decreased £413,000 sterling.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Feb. 20.—A circular has been issued from the Home office warning the clergy against fomenting discontent.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 20.—Cotton closed active at an advance of ⅛d. on American; sales 20,000 bales; middling uplands in port at 10½; to arrive 9½; Orleans 10; breadstuffs quiet and steady. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Produce generally unchanged. Clover seed 50s.

ANTWERP, February 20.—Petroleum closed firm; standard white 49f. 50c.

LONDON, Feb. 20—*Evening.*—Consols closed easier at 93. Five-twenties 72½@73. Illinois Central 85. Erie 48.

FRANKFORT Feb. 20—*Evening.*—U. S. bonds strong at 76@76½.

PENNSYLVANIA NEWS

—A shocking accident occurred at the Lehigh Iron Works, a short distance above Catasauqua, on Friday last, by which one man lost his life and another was seriously injured. Several of the hands had been engaged in blasting and had filled two holes with powder, one of which took effect. The other, however, and three of the hands supposing that the fire had been extinguished went to the place and poured in more powder, when in an instant a terrible explosion took place. One man was thrown over an embankment forty feet high, and though not killed was dangerously hurt, while another by the name of Kunkle was lifted ten feet in the air, and coming down was thrown upon the stone rocks, smashed in his skull, causing his almost instant death. He leaves a wife and four children. One other man was also somewhat injured.

—On Friday night, the 14th inst., two villains, Jackson and Wigand, entered the house of Mr. Paul Cunningham, about a mile from town. Mr. Cunningham is an old man and a cripple, and resides with his sister, an old maiden lady. They effected an entrance through a window, and, with pistol in hand, demanded the keys of the secretary, where they found $88, with which they made their escape, and, as yet, no direct clue as to who the parties were has been discovered, although certain disreputable persons are suspected. It is hoped that the authorities will be enabled to bring the scoundrels to justice. Fortunately, they did not discover a larger amount of money that was in the house.—*Monongahela Republican.*

—In Monroe county there is a man named Labar, whose age, by his own declarations, is well authenticated as authority, is between 105 and 106 years. Notwithstanding this, he is able to saw wood, do any little work around his house, and can, on a stretch, walk five miles and more. We doubt if there is a parallel to him in the United States.

—John Miller, of Lower Nazareth township, Northumberland county, is charged with forging two checks payable to the order of Philip Boser, one for $25 and one for $67.10, and drawn by A. Rocht, on the Easton Bank. He endorsed Mr. Boser's name and received the money last week.

—The grocery store of Mr. Boyles on Julia street, Altoona, was completely destroyed by fire early last day. The loss is a good deal more than the insurance which was but $1,000. In number at least Altoona competes with the largest cities in the conflagration way.

—Miss Margareta Seip, an aged woman who resided in Hunksville, in a fit, probably of aberration of mind, rose from her bed a short time before daybreak on Wednesday of last week and was shortly after found in an open field frozen to death.

—Mr. David W. Howell, of Mt. Bethel, has purchased land on the Flats above the Delaware bridge, in Phillipsburg, and it is reported that he intends moving his cotton factory from Mt. Bethel to Phillipsburg.

—Several persons from New York have been negotiating for the purchase of lands on the Flats in Phillipsburg, and propose, if they can make arrangements, to put up a boiler factory there.

—The Grand Jury of Bucks county strongly recommended the erection of a hospital and asylum, for the sick and insane, in connection with the almshouse establishment of that county.

—Over 15,000 tons of iron are carried over the Catasauqua & Fogelsville Railroad annually.

—The Bucks county Alms House cost the county about $18,000 during the last year.

POLITICAL.

Indiana State Republican Convention—Grant and Colfax for President and Vice President—State Officers Nominated—Platform of Principles.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

INDIANAPOLIS, February 20.—The Republican State Convention met at ten o'clock this morning, with Gen. Thomas Brown as temporary Chairman. Resolutions endorsing General Grant and Hon. Schuyler Colfax, Indiana's first choice for President and Vice President, were unanimously adopted by a rising vote and immense cheering.

After the appointment of various committees, Hon. James Hughes, of Marion county, was made permanent Chairman, and Major G. M. Wilson, of Marion county, was chosen Secretary. Governor Conrad Baker was nominated for re-election by acclamation, and Hon. Will Cumback for Lieutenant Governor; Maj. E. A. Hoffman, of Cass county, for Secretary of State, and Gen. Nathan Kimball for Secretary of State.

The Convention on reassembling this afternoon completed the nominations for the State ticket, as follows: Auditor of State, Maj. John D. Evans, of Marion county; Clerk of Supreme Court, T. W. McCoy, of Clarke county; Reporter of Supreme Court, J. B. Black, Marion county; Attorney General, D. E. Williams, Putnam county; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Barnabas C. Hobbs, Wayne county.

Letters were read in the Convention from Hon. Schuyler Colfax and Hon. John Coburn, M. C. A letter written by Senator Morton failed to reach in time, but on the announcement of the fact it was ordered to be made part of the proceedings of the Convention.

A strong feeling prevailed with the delegates in favor of Governor Morton for Indiana's candidate for Presidency, but his friends understood he declined the use of his name in that connection.

The following platform was unanimously adopted: The Union Republican party of Indiana, assembled in Convention at Indianapolis on the 20th day of February, 1868, in reference to the present condition of the country, make the following declaration of principles:

First—The Congressional plan of reconstruction was the only one necessary by the rejection of the Constitutional amendments and the continued rebellious spirit of the Southern people, and if they will not upon the conditions contained in the Congressional plan of the friends of the Union, it is the duty of Congress to do whatever the emergency requires to prevent them from doing harm as enemies.

Second—The extension of suffrage to the negroes of the South is the direct result of the rebellion, and the continued rebellious spirit maintained therein, and was necessary to secure the reconstruction of the States lately in rebellion and of the loyal men therein from a state worse than slavery, and the question of suffrage in all the loyal States belongs to the people of those States under the Constitution of the United States.

Third—The government of the United States should be administered with the strictest economy consistent with the public safety and interests. There should be no laws so framed as to give the greatest possible exemption to articles of primary necessity and fall most heavily upon luxuries and the wealth of the country, and all property should bear its equal and uniform burden of taxation.

Fourth—The public debt made necessary by the rebellion should be honestly paid, and all the bonds issued heretofore should be paid in gold. Therefore we denounce the so called greenbacks, except where by their express terms they provide otherwise, and paid in such quantities as will make the circulation commensurate with the industrial wants of the country, and so as to avoid the great inflation of the currency and an increase in the price of gold.

Fifth—The large and rapid contraction of the currency mentioned by the votes of the Democratic party in both Houses of Congress, has had a most injurious effect upon the industry and business of the country, and to the end that Congress may be enabled to provide by law for supplying the deficiency of legal tender notes, commonly called greenbacks, to the full extent required by the business wants of the country.

Sixth—We are opposed to the payment of any part of the rebel debt, or to any payment whatever for emancipated slaves.

Seventh—Of all who were faithful in the trials of the late war, there are none entitled to more especial honor than the brave soldiers and seamen, who endured the hardships of camp and battle, and imperilled their lives in the service of the country. The bounties and pensions provided by law for these brave defenders of the nation are a sacred debt of honor to be paid with fidelity. The widows and orphans of the gallant dead are the wards of the nation, a sacred legacy bequeathed to the nation's protecting care.

Eighth—The public faith of the country of the United States, in the payment of the bonds issued by the authority of Congress, and in the purchase of the Union of officers and soldiers in the late civil war, they should each be allowed one hundred and sixty acres of land.

Ninth—The doctrine of Great Britain, and other European powers, that because a man is once a citizen he is always so, must be resisted at every hazard by the United States as a relic of the feudal times, not authorized by the law of nations, and at war with our national honor and independence. Naturalized citizens are entitled to be protected in all their rights of citizenship as those born citizens, and any violation of the rights of a citizen of the United States, native or naturalized, must be liable to arrest and imprisonment by any foreign power for acts done or words spoken in this country, and if arrested and imprisoned, it is the duty of the government to interfere in his behalf.

Tenth—We cordially approve of the course of the Republican members in Congress in opposition of the bill prohibiting a further contraction of the currency, in which they faithfully represented the will of the people of Indiana, and this Convention expresses their confidence in the wisdom and patriotism of Oliver P. Morton. His devotion to the vital interests of the nation during the past six years has endeared him to the hearts of the people and liberty, and we send greeting to him in the American Senate and assurance to him of our unqualified endorsement of his course.

Eleventh—Gen. U. S. Grant and Hon. Schuyler Colfax are the choice of Indiana for President and Vice President of the United States, and this Convention hereby instruct the delegates to the National Convention to cast the vote of Indiana for these gentlemen.

Wisconsin Democracy.

CINCINNATI, February 20.—The Cincinnati *Enquirer* of this morning will contain the following: Private advices from Wisconsin state that the delegates to the National Convention are for Pendleton. He will receive the vote of the State. Two Congressional districts instruct for him. Dubuque county, Iowa, instructs for him, and the Dubuque *Herald* raises the Pendleton flag.

—Advices received from the Provinces of Spain convey the intelligence that the leaders of the Carlist party have effected a revolution against the authority of Queen Isabella in the North, and that their adherents have taken up arms in great numbers in Navarre. Skirmishes have taken place between the civil guard and the insurgents in the province of Navarre, the queen's officers maintaining their allegiance. Some few persons were wounded during the tumult, and the ancient French-Hispano province of Navarre is reported as many points. It appears as if the movement is the result of a deliberate and well planned organization. The police are on the alert, and have seized documentary evidence of the fact. Also a good deal more than the insurrance which was but $1,000. In number at least Altoona competes with the largest cities in the conflagration way.

—Miss Margareta Seip, an aged woman who resided in Hunkaville, in a fit, probably of aberration of mind, rose from her bed a short time before daybreak on Wednesday of last week and was shortly after found in an open field frozen to death.

—Mr. David W. Howell, of Mt. Bethel, has purchased land on the Flats above the Delaware bridge, in Phillipsburg, and it is reported that he intends moving his cotton factory from Mt. Bethel to Phillipsburg.

—Several persons from New York have been negotiating for the purchase of lands on the Flats in Phillipsburg, and propose, if they can make arrangements, to put up a boiler factory there.

—The Grand Jury of Bucks county strongly recommended the erection of a hospital and asylum, for the sick and insane, in connection with the almshouse establishment of that county.

—Over 15,000 tons of iron are carried over the Catasauqua & Fogelsville Railroad annually.

—The Bucks county Alms House cost the county about $18,000 during the last year.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE COURTS.

District Court—Judge Hampton.

THURSDAY, Feb. 20.—In the case of L. Voigt vs. David McPherson, reported yesterday, the jury found a verdict for plaintiff for $200.

Samuel Duff vs. Samuel Wilson. Action for debt. Defendant was summoned to answer the plaintiff of a plea that he render unto plaintiff the sum of $40,000, claimed to be due and unjustly detained. Plaintiff set forth in his *accr.* that on Dec. 6th, 1864, at Clarion, he sold to Wm. P. Schell, in trust for the Little Toby River Oil Company, a tract of land on Little Toby river, in Highland township, Clarion county, containing about three hundred acres; that defendant (Wilson) having laid claim to the land, an article of agreement was entered into that Schell should settle with plaintiff for two-thirds of the purchase money, and with defendant for the remaining third, and that both the plaintiff and defendant should convey all their claim to the tract of land to the "Little Toby River Oil Company," the question of the distribution of the money in the hands of the plaintiff and defendant to be settled by adjudication, or as might be agreed upon by them. The land was conveyed, and by virtue of the agreement the defendant (Wilson) received from Schell, January 6th, 1865, $7,000 60, being one-third of the purchase money of the land, and further avers that the defendant had got at that time, or at any time before or since, any right or title to said money, or to the land for which the money was paid, but on the contrary that the right and title to said money was and is in him (the plaintiff) and that upon the payment thereof by Schell to defendant it became due and payable to plaintiff, which is unpaid, and is still in arrear and unpaid, contrary to the form and effect of the agreement entered into. The plaintiff also made claim for ten thousand dollars as money loaned.

The defendant, in his affidavit of defense, denied the receipt from Schell of any sum or amount of money for the use of the plaintiff, or in which the plaintiff had any right or interest pursuant to the agreement referred to. He states that Schell had settled with the plaintiff, and also delivered to him a promissory note for $1,012,50, which has been paid; Schell also delivered to him fifty-nine hundred or six thousand shares of stock in the Little Toby River Oil Company, issued upon the condition and agreement that he (Schell) was to sell said stock and realize for defendant one dollar per share in cash, and which proceeds of stock he has in accordance in the said agreement of the amount specified and agreed to be paid to defendant for the one-third part of the purchase money of the land. Defendant further says said agreement is not in writing, and is void under the law, and that Schell has failed and neglected to sell said stock, or realize the said sum of one dollar per share for the same, and has failed to perform his said contract. Upon the motion on the part of the plaintiff having been presented, counsel for defense, S. A. and W. S. Purviance, moved for a non suit, on the ground that the plaintiff's cause of action for debt would not be sustained.

The Court granted the motion, and judgment of non-suit was entered, with leave, &c.

Counsel for plaintiff, R. and S. Woods and L. B. Duff moved the Court to set aside the judgment of non-suit.

Mary Ann Daly vs. Owen Reilly. Action for damages to a stone quarry, which he declared to be damaged to the extent, as is alleged, left in a damaged condition. On trial.

List for Friday:

173. Gallagher vs. Sweeney.
96. Sessel vs. Harrington & Co.
52. Wainwright's ex'rs vs. Buffum.
166. Bradley vs. Allegheny Gas Co.
159. Boughs et al. vs. O'Neill et al.
162. Fuller vs. Thompson.
36. M'Sain for use vs. Benny.

**Common Pleas—Judge St

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1868.

TO-MORROW will be the 136th anniversary of the birthday of GEORGE WASHINGTON. It is a legal holiday, and persons having obligations to meet at banks should make a note of the fact and provide to-day for meeting the same.

IT is a singular fact, and one which does not reflect much credit to the lawmakers of Maryland, that in that State the local insurance companies are taxed from $1,000 to $5,000, while rich London companies are permitted to transact business within her borders, and, indeed, to monopolize a large amount of the business, at $200 per annum.

THERE is promised a needed reform in the distribution of seeds by the Commissioner of Agriculture. Horticulturists will rejoice over this announcement, as in days past when they planted what were labeled with high sounding names as favorite rich flowers, they were extremely mortified at seeing stately sunflowers crop up like a Cinderella in gay company.

THE additional bounty bill, passed by Congress and awaiting the signature of the President, provides that if any person or persons entitled to the bounty provided by sections 12 and 13 of the act making appropriations for the civil service, approved July 28, 1866, shall have died, or shall die before receiving said bounty, it shall be paid to the heirs of the soldier, as designated in this act, in the order therein named, and to none other.

THE Northumberland county slate quarries are pronounced inexhaustible. Capitalists are investing largely there and the work of developing the lands is being vigorously pushed forward. A railroad connection to bring the product into market is in consideration. The slate obtained is of very superior quality. A bed of very fine yellow ochre has recently been discovered in Lehigh county. The mineral wealth of our State cannot be estimated.

THE Republicans of Indiana have spoken out in favor of Grant for President and Colfax for Vice President. The resolution was adopted unanimously amidst much enthusiasm. The ranks are daily growing compact and solid for the soldier hero, and we will marvel not should he be made the unanimous choice of the National Convention.

The Convention re-nominated Gov Baker, who has given very decided satisfaction to the people of that State.

WHEN the Paris Exposition was in progress our country had just commenced to recuperate from the state in which it was left by the long waged war against rebellion, and was in no proper condition to enter into a contest with the world at large for honors and prizes in recognition of the handiwork, art and mechanism of her citizens. Notwithstanding that fact, and the various obstacles and drawbacks in other shapes under which she labored in representation, a comparison of the swards demonstrates that we are number one in grand prizes and exceeded every nation except ing France in the general proportion of gold and silver medals and honorable mentions. This is a splendid commentary on the industry and genius of our people, but how great would have been the triumph over the civilized world had no impediments been offered to full and general representation.

AID FOR THE CONNELLSVILLE ROAD.

In the first branch of the City Council of Baltimore an ordinance was introduced, on Tuesday, providing for a loan not exceeding four million dollars to the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company, with the express understanding that the money shall be applied to no other purpose than the construction of the road from Connellsville to Cumberland. It makes B. F. Newcomer and John W. Garrett trustees to receive and hold as security for the payment of said loan a deed for the entire property of the Company, which is to take precedence of mortgages issued—an arrangement to be effected by the officers of the Company. It provides that the interest now due from the Company, as well as the interest that may accrue and remain unpaid, from this to the first day of January, 1871, on the bonds of the city, be directed to be funded, and that upon the payment of the principal of the bonds, with the interest directed to be added to said principal, together with the interest that may fall due, at the dates stipulated on the said bonds, on both principal and funded arrears, from and after the 1st of January, 1871, the Company shall be discharged from all obligations under the mortgage of Aug 4th, 1856. That on the 1st of Jan. 1871, or sooner, if the Company shall sooner declare its readiness to commence the payment of interest on the bonds and funded arrears, the Register of the city be directed to adjust the arrears of interest up to that time, when the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company shall execute and deliver to the Register such an acknowledgment or agreement as the counsellor of the city shall approve, as evidence of the amount on which, in addition to the one million dollars aforesaid, interest is to be regularly paid thereafter by the Company. The proceedings instituted against the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company, on account of the interest directed to be funded, are to be dismissed.

The ordinance was referred to the Committee of Ways and Means. Its adoption is highly probable.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE AMERICAN BEAVER AND HIS WORKS. By Lewis H. Morgan, author of "The League of the Iroquois." Published by J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia. For sale by Davis, Clarke & Co., 93 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

Works of this character cannot fail to interest the general reader, as well as be a source of profound pleasure to those who make zoological science a study. Tempting as the intricate and fascinating subjects of zoology are, the zoologist cannot fail to be interested in the personal acts and artificial erections of this humble, but most industrious mute. But to the general reader the work is of intrinsic merit for the valuable, interesting and novel information obtained, on a subject of which so little has been written. While the beaver is regarded as one of the lower order in the scale of mammalian forms, yet no other animal has attracted a larger share of attention, or acquired by his intelligence a more respectable position in public estimation. The evidences of his architectural skill, by his artificial erections to promote his happiness, and to secure his safety, are truly wonderful. His handi-work in building the dam, the lodge, the burrow, and the artificial canal, and also of tree cutting, indicate his mental and physical powers. During the construction of a railroad to Marquette, on Lake Superior, in 1853-58, the road passed through a great beaver district. The author, by his association in this project, was tempted to drop catching trout and watch the beavers. This work is the result of his observations and researches. It is a valuable addition to zoological history. The work is also enriched with elegant illustrations on stone and wood.

LANDMARKS OF HISTORY—Part III. Modern History—From the opening of the Reformation to the Accession of Napoleon III. By Miss Yonge, author of "Landmarks of Ancient History," etc. Edited by Edith L. Chase. First American edition. New York: Leypoldt & Holt. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clark & Co.

This work is essentially European, merely glancing at English history. Only a passing allusion is made to the whole history of our nation. The book however is a capital one, in many respects, and is admirably written, but it shows glaring defects, by the omission of important historial facts, which are of more real value and more highly estimated, than many of those given. The meager accounts of some transactions of great moment in the world's history, are in striking contrast with the elaborate details of less important events. And its theology is as questionable as its records of some events. The work is written in vigorous, yet graceful language, and is worthy of commendation, notwithstanding it almost ignores such historical facts as the Commonwealth established by Cromwell, and misrepresents the religious tenets of some Reformers whose power shook the world in their day, and their work is still felt.

GREAT EXPECTATIONS. By Charles Dickens. People's Edition. With illustrations by John McLenan. Philadelphia: T. B. Peterson & Brothers. Philadelphia. For sale by W. A. Gildenfenny, Pittsburgh.

As each volume of this excellent edition appears, the same features that have characterized the previous volumes, such as being printed on the finest white paper, from large, clear type, leaded, Long Primer in size, and handsomely bound in cloth, as appear in the work before us. This edition, of the many published by the Petersons, is entitled to especial recommendation for it, intrinsicrimets. The matter of this book, like all of Dickens most important works, is so well known to the public, that the mere announcement of the name is sufficient.

EAST FRENCH READING: being selections of Historical Tales and Anecdotes, arranged with copious foot notes, etc. By Professor Edward T. Fisher. To which is added a brief French Grammar. New York: Leypoldt & Holt. For sale by Davis, Clarke & Co., Pittsburgh.

The stories, alike designed to illustrate certain elements of the French language, are rendered even interesting and instructive to the pupil, by the complete glossary running through the foot notes, which supplants the use of a cumbersom dictionary. This week appears to be a valuable help not only to pupils under teachers, but to those who deem to be their own teacher. The addition Delille's compardium of grammar, renders the work increasingly valuable. Here we have much in a very small compass.

THE WAVERLY NOVELS. Peterson's edition of the "Waverly Novels," at twenty-five cents each, is another evidence of triumph of this publishing house. They offer twenty-six volumes at twenty-five cents each; five dollars for a complete set. Each book will be printed in fine, plain, clear type, double column, and each work will be issued complete in a large octavo volume. The first, "Waverly," contains a fine steel portrait of Sir Walter Scott, and is certainly very cheap. Received from Gildenfenny, Fifth street.

LITTLE DORIT. This is the sixteenth book of Peterson's cheap edition for the million, a stout work of 317 pages and for the low price of 35 cents. "Little Dorrit" is one of the popular creations of Dickens. Gildenfenny can supply it.

THE HISTORY OF THE NETHERLANDS. We are indebted to Mr. W. A. Gildenfenny for the first and second volumes of this grand work, noticed fully in our issue of Wednesday, and also to Mr. Henry Miner for a copy of the fourth volume of this history. Both these gentlemen merit our thanks for their kind attentions.

RAILWAYS.

—The Winooska bridge, the scene of the late accident on the Vermont Central Railroad, is restored for the passage of trains.

—The Trempeleau (Wis.) *Record* says the La Crosse, Trempeleau and Prescott Railroad is to be completed and in full operation this summer.

—The West Shore Hudson River road is to run through the Walkill Valley from Hoboken to Kingston, and thence to Albany. The construction of the road as far as Kingston is an assured fact.

—Cars on the Council Bluffs and Sioux City Railroad reached Woodbury, seven miles from Sioux City, on the 5th inst., and the *Journal* states that the locomotive will be in that place by the 25th inst.

—The La Crosse *Democrat* says work has been suspended on the St. Paul and Chicago railroad, between Winona and St. Paul, and men ordered to be retained on pay until railroad matters are straightened out in that State.

—The Peori (Ill.) *Transcript* says the Board of Supervisors of Tazewell county, on Wednesday, ordered that an election be held in that county on the 17th of March, to vote on the question of subscribing $100,000 in stock of the Pekin, Lincoln and Decatur railroad. We understand the people of Delavan will vote on the proposition for a township subscription of $200,000 to the same road, and that the city of Pekin proposes to vote a subscription of $70,000.

TRADE AND LABOR.

—A paper mill is to be built at Clermont, Iowa, next summer.

—The Massasoit Mills, at Huntington, Mass., turn out one ton of fine writing paper per day.

—Two cargoes of African peanuts, comprising 15,000 bushels, arrived in Boston last week.

—During the year 1867, 53,490 hides were shipped from New Orleans to New York, and 51,287 from New York to Boston.

—The initatory steps have already been taken toward the erection of one of the largest woolen factories in the west, at Lansing, Iowa.

—Several sales of lumber have been made at Bay City, Mich., during the past week—one of over 1,000,000 feet at $6, $12 and $35.

—Baltimore, the newspapers of that city say, expects to become the first tobacco market in the world when her new European steamship line is in full operation.

—It takes 16,000 bales of cotton, or 6,480,000 pounds, to supply the daily demands of the cotton mills of the world. Of this immense amount one thousandth part is used every day by the Wamsutta Mills, New Bedford.

—Lowell's old title of the "City of Spindles" is no longer its especial due. Fall River exceeds it by 40,000 spindles, and its weekly production, when its mills are in full operation, will surpass that of Lowell by 300,000 yards.

—A peat machine has recently been invented by Charles Moore, of Springfield, Mass., which can be worked by steam or water power, and can turn out eighty tons of peat per day. Machines of this pattern will cost from $300 to $500.

—The granite mill of the Granite Mill Company, at Stafford Springs, Connecticut, contains 125 looms, and employs 125 hands, whose joint efforts produce 1,200,000 yards of shirting and sheeting per year, consuming 300,000 pounds of cotton in the work. The machinery is driven by water power.

—At Moline, Illinois, the new works of Dimock & Gould have a capacity of turning out daily 1,500 buckets, 500 wash tubs and 600 wash boards. Deere & Co. are soon to make an extensive addition to their works, and are now turning out over 900 plows per week, besides a large number of sulky plows and cultivators.

A Father's Gratitude.

The other day we told the story of the poor Martha Griggs, who was recently sent to a debtors' prison in London. She was released on the payment of $200 by Ruskin, while $360 more were contributed by sympathizing friends. The girl's father writes to the London *Telegraph*:

"But for your kind intercession she must have remained in jail for a long time. Unless you are a father you can not imagine what my feelings were when I found my poor girl had been cast into a prison, in addition to the suffering she had previously endured. My surprise at her release was only equaled by the joy it gave me. I had no idea of succor coming from such a quarter. All I can offer you is a grateful heart, in which will dwell the memory of your disinterested and noble conduct as long as life remains."

The remainder of the fund has been invested for the girl's benefit. Her case is a striking commentary upon the present state of the English law.

—A German paper, published at Leipzig, gives a romance of American boarding-school life, which is not too incredible for belief except in one or two particulars. The scene is located at a fashionable seminary on the Hudson, attended by young ladies from seventeen to twenty. There was one, whose blonde curls and blue eyes appealed to the German heart, who seemed oppressed with a hidden grief. At the Christmas vacation she went home with the rest, but did not return with them, a telegram being received from her father stating that illness was the cause. Soon she reappeared, and shortly after received visits from a young man who became so assiduous as to be at length forbidden the house by the Principal. He then threw off disguise and, in the character of a husband, sued out a writ of habeas corpus and secured the young woman of flaxen curls and blue eyes as his wife. It was he who had sent the telegram, and during her detention, while she was traveling over the country with him. The parents were cruel, but finally relented and all is now pleasant. The episode did not hurt the reputation of the seminary, on the contrary it became more crowded after the event than ever before. The Principal seemed to have had strange experience, for he says, "If I should surrender the young ladies claimed by young gentlemen as their wives, I would in a fortnight sit alone at my breakfast table."

—An old lady in Newburyport recently complained of her tax bill, saying that she had not so much property. The assessor asked her if she did not have nearly two thousand dollars in the Savings Bank of a neighboring city. She ridiculed the idea. They told her she had better call on her bank-book. She did so and found that $250, deposited long years ago, had then reached $1,750. —*Boston Paper.*

—A writer in one of our scientific weeklies advocates the adoption of an uniform standard of time the world over, numbering the hours from one to twenty-four, so that it would be one o'clock everywhere at the same moment.

A VERY LARGE AMOUNT

OF THE MILK OF HUMAN KINDNESS is often required by the friends of the confirmed Dyspeptic, to induce them to put up with the seeming ill-temper, his sad, city notions and the gloomy forebodings and imaginations of his mind. No class of sufferers deserve more truly the sincere and sympathy of these friends who often see with grief the best and sweetest dispositions altered and soured into the most morose and disagreeable by the ravages of Dyspepsia. While under its despotic sway life seems to them but a constant chain of suffering and gloom, filled with naught but pain and gloom in the future. Those afflicted with Liver Complaint, Derangement of Digestive Organs resulting in Dyspepsia, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, should never resort to proper remedies, which will, if used promptly, avoid untold suffering and save many valuable lives. Pre-eminent as such, and endorsed by hundreds who have tested them, stand

DR. SARGENT'S LIVER PILLS.

In the imp'ent stages of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, &c., they a t promptly, surely and pleasantly, cleansing, renovating and reinvigorating the system, making

LIFE A JOY AND PLEASURE,

instead of a burden. In many old and confirmed cases they have effected remarkable and speedy cures. These pills can be procured from all Druggists in the country. Plain or sugar coated, as purchasers may prefer.

Price, 25 cents Per Box.

BEAR IN MIND

When disease has undermined the health, and the physical system has become prostrated, a stimulant that will not only strengthen, but remove the cause, should be immediately resorted to. Many there are who fruitful source of the breaking down of the constitution, and the ravages of this enemy to health is truly alarming. For all such maladies HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS have been found unsurpassed. By acting directly upon the digestive organs, they remove the heavy, disagreeable feeling after eating, so often complained of by persons of a delicate temperament. As soon as digestion is restored, the pains, fluts ncy, strength increasing and his general health improved. Thousands of persons certify that it is by far the best all round remedy of the kind ever dealt by, often and upon sedentary habits. Bilious and dyspeptic sufferers are in danger of to the temptation they are constantly subjected to, should carefully use HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, which will be found mild and extremely pleasant. Balmonic plants barks and roots constitute their principle ingredients to render it soothing and strengthening. It built to the only pure and reliable article that ever been produced containing no *fusil oil* or any other deleterious element, the most careful and scientific chemists have analyzed the Bitters and pronounce them harmless. This is scientific testimony; but the testimony of the hundreds of thousands who have experienced the prevenlive and curative effects of the great vegetable tonic and alterative of modern times is still more conclusive. Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Nervous Complaints and general debility is as nearly infallible as anything in this fallible world can be.

Chronic Diseases.

The functions of the human body give way, usually one at a time. A disordered liver, or a slight irritation of the bronchial tubes, an obstruction in the skin or of the renal organs, are sure to be followed by pains and aches in various parts, according to the extent of the organic or functional injury. A man afflicted with dyspepsia will soon find more than the stomach at fault. The food that he swallows fails to renew the natural wear and waste, the worn out matter is deposited in some nook or cranney, where it causes irritation or pain, when it ought to be thrown off and carried out of the system. Hundreds and thousands of just such sufferers have been relieved and restored to health and vigor by a few bottles of DR. KEYSER'S BLOOD SEARCHER, which not only imparts tone to the stomach and digestive organs, but likewise enriches the blood with the elementary principles needful to the restoration of the vital energy of the system. Be careful when you ask for it to get DR. KEYSER'S, for that is the kind, and the only kind, that has cured the numberless cases of disordered and broken constitutions. It was that which cured Mr. Boyd. It was that which cured Margaret McFarland. It was Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher which cured all the old chronic cases which we have published from time to time in these columns. Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher has cured more cases of chronic diseases than any medicine of recent origin. Sold by the gross, dozen, or single bottle, at the Doctor's great medicine store, No. 140 WOOD STREET.

Dr. Keyser's consultations rooms, 120 Penn St. January 28th, 1868.

1786. PROSPECTUS. 1868.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

The largest daily paper in the State of Pennsylvania, enters the 82nd year of its existence with increased facilities for disseminating the current news of the day, and for rendering good political service in the important Presidential Canvass of 1868. The forthcoming session of Congress promises to prove one of the most important held since the formation of the Government, and the proceedings will be anxiously watched by the intelligent masses. In view of the deep interest centered in the proceedings, the proprietors of the GAZETTE have made arrangements for daily dispatches and letters during the session, from a highly intelligent correspondent, who enjoys the confidence and friendship of the leading members of the Senate and House, the heads of the various Departments, and the leading politicians who frequent Washington, so that readers can depend on receiving the first, fullest and most reliable intelligence from the seat of Government.

The proceedings of the State Legislature, at its forthcoming session, will also prove interesting, inasmuch as many questions of importance will come up for legislation. The GAZETTE will keep at the State Capital, during the entire session, an intelligent and faithful correspondent, who will promptly report the proceedings by mail and telegraph.

It is the only political journal of Pittsburgh which faithfully reflects and steadily advocates the principles held by the Union Republican Party, and interpreted by a loyal Congress.

It gives as much reading matter as any paper sold at twelve dollars per annum, while its price is but eight, being the cheapest as well as the largest newspaper in the Commonwealth.

With the enlargement, every department has been strengthened. The high character of its editorial columns will be maintained, and all questions of public importance will be fearlessly discussed.

The news department will be kept up to the requirements of the day, and its condensed items will faithfully mirror all the transactions worthy of note of the City, State, Country and World at large, and make the GAZETTE, as it has the reputation of a live, enterprising and first class family and commercial newspaper.

Ample space has been reserved for market reports, which can at all times be relied upon as correct, as the current quotations for manufactures, farm products, cattle, &c., &c., are daily gathered from actual sales, by faithful and efficient reporters.

The river news is collected with care, and will prove a very interesting feature of the GAZETTE.

The financial news department has been placed in charge of an able and experienced banker, who will render it quite an attractive and useful article to bankers, brokers and business men generally.

The religious department will receive the attention due its importance, and will be so conducted as to be pleasing and readable to members of all religious denominations.

The agricultural, art, science, literary, personal and other departments of the paper will be conducted in a manner which will prove satisfactory to the reader.

TERMS OF THE DAILY GAZETTE.

Three Months	$1.00.
Six Months	2.00.
One Year	8.00.

Delivered in Pittsburgh, Allegheny and all the adjacent Boroughs for 15 cents per week, payable to Carriers.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

The WEEKLY GAZETTE has been enlarged to the same size as the Daily, and is now the largest, cheapest and best weekly family newspaper in the State. It should be in the house of every farmer, mechanic and business man. It gives each week forty solid columns of current news by telegraph and mail, the leading editorials of the Daily, and choice miscellany, together with everything pertaining to the world of politics. Its agricultural columns will be edited in such a manner as to render it a welcome visitor to every farm house. The market reports of the WEEKLY GAZETTE are by common consent acknowledged to be the standard authority for both buyers and sellers, and its commercial circles in Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and Western Virginia are without equal. The files of the GAZETTE are used exclusively by the Civil Courts of Allegheny county, as reference in important issues, to determine the prices current in the markets at the time of the business transaction in dispute.

Our Agents will favor us by getting up their clubs at once, and not allowing their present ones to expire, as we are anxious that none of our readers should be deprived of a week's news. Additions to clubs can be made at any time, at yearly rates. Postmasters and Merchants are requested to act as Agents.

TERMS FOR THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Single Subscriber	$1.50.
Clubs of Five	1.25.
Clubs of Ten	1.15.

—and one to the getter up of the club.

☞ For specimen copies of either Daily or Weekly, address the proprietors,

PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
GAZETTE BUILDING,
Nos. 84 and 86 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh.

☞ Country papers in Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and Western Virginia publishing the above, and send us marked paper, will be entitled to one year's exchange with the DAILY GAZETTE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 84 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

LOAF SUGAR—Just received, a few cases

LOVERING'S EXTRA LOAF SUGAR,

For sale at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW,
fe21 Corner Liberty and Grant street.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, ss.
At Pittsburgh, the 5th day of February, A. D. 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment of the 5th day of February, A. D. 1868, as the time, and his office in the city of Pittsburgh, in said District, as the place for the hearing of the petition of JOHN MASKELL, of Monongahela City, county of Washington, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.
JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee,
fe21:td Attorney-at-Law, 3d Grant st.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS
AT REDUCED PRICES.
TABLE LINENS, DAMASK NAPKINS,
LINEN SHEETING, MARSEILLES QUILTS,
LACE CURTAINS, WORSTED DAMASS,
FOR SALE BY
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 FIFTH STREET.
fe20

$500 REWARD!

The above reward will be paid for information that will lead to the discovery and whereabouts of
ANTHONY FREYVOGEL,
Who has been missing since TUESDAY EVENING, January 21st.
He is about 14 years of age; about five feet seven inches in height, and has a slight halt in his walk. He had on when last left home that morning, a silk hat, dark willed coat, pants and vest, and a dark cassimere overcoat. The left boot which he wore had a patch on the inside.
Information may be left at WM. J. ANDERSON & CO'S. Water street, or at the CLOTHING STORE, Liberty street. jan7

AT EATON'S,
17 Fifth Street,
JUST RECEIVED, OF THE
Duplex Elliptic Skirts,
A CHOICE ASSORTMENT,
At Reduced Prices.
fe11

F. W. C. FIELD,
DEALER IN
GLUE, CURLED HAIR,
Tanners' Scraps, Cercons,
CATTLE TAILS,
Bones, Neat's Foot Oil, &c.,
Office and Warehouse—No. 143 SMITHFIELD STREET, (nearly opposite the Post Office,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.
On SATURDAY, February 29th, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., the undersigned, assignee of the Estate of Samuel S. Rose, of Pittsburgh, a bankrupt, will sell at Public Auction, at the UNION HOUSE, Pittsburgh, Pa., the interest of the said Samuel S. Rose in the following Letters Patent and "File Cutting Machine," to wit:
One-half interest in Letters Patent obtained by J. J. Huston, for "Improvement in the Manufacture of Iron."
One-third interest in Letters Patent obtained by H. P. Comer, for "Improvement in Machine for Cutting Files."
One third interest in a "File Cutting Machine." Jan 31, 1868, and an Addition of the Controller of the City of Pittsburgh, passed April 8, 1868.
Also, all the interest of the said S. S. Rose in 145, will be found in the hands of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, for the collection thereof and all persons having any claim or claims against the said bankrupt are required to appear before the Assignee at the time and place above mentioned, and prove the amount of the claimant.
The sale of the property of the bankrupt will be returned at the time and place above named, or pay 25 per cent thereafter.
RATES OF LICENSE:

Each One Horse Vehicle	$ 7.50
Each Two Horse "	15.00
Each Five Horse "	18.00
Each Two Horse Hack	10.00
Each Single Horse Hack	5.00

And for Each and Every Eight and Three Horses, Eighteen Dollars each. For each additional horse used in addition to the above, One Dollar.
SAMUEL ALLINDER,
Pittsburgh, February 18, 1868. City Treasurer.

NOTICE.—WM. METCALF, formerly of CHAS. KNAP NEPHEWS, is a member of our firm, to date from January 1st, 1868. SAM'L. DUFF retiring. Style of firm same as before.
MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.
GENERAL PARTNERS:
WM. METCALF, REUBEN MILLER,
GEO. W. BARR, CHAS. PARKIN.
SPECIAL PARTNER:
S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,
MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,
Office, 38 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH.
fe11:144

WALL PAPERS!
Unpacking daily, new and beautiful
WALL PAPERS,
FOR SPRING SALES.
Persons desirous of finishing rooms anew before the first of April,
CAN HAVE CHOICE OF NEW STYLES.
W. P. MARSHALL,
87 WOOD STREET,
fe18:136

"THE CRY IS, STILL THEY COME."
GREAT EXCITEMENT!
IMMENSE DEMAND FOR THE
"Queen of the Wash Tub."
THE ONLY PERFECT WASHING FLUID EVER DISCOVERED.
QUEEN OF THE WASH saves HEALTH, LABOR, MONEY and TIME and IMPROVES the fabrics and only Bleaches and Glazes generally.
Manufactured by
Hess Manufacturing Co.
Office, No. 136 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

SKATES! SKATES! SKATES!
I have received the largest, the cheapest, and the best assortment of
SKATES,
Ever offered in this city. Skates ranging in price, straps complete, from ONE DOLLAR up to THIRTY DOLLARS PER PAIR. Also, very super or quality of
LADIES' SKATES
Some of them the finest Skates made in America. I have a comfortable room connected with my store, where Ladies can fit on their Skates before purchasing, so that they will not be annoyed in fitting them on when they reach the ice.
FOR SALE BY
JAMES BOWN,
fe20:TUF 136 Wood street.

The Highest Market Price
PAID FOR
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
GOLD, SILVER,
COUPONS AND COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
J. F. STARK & CO., Bankers,
Cor. WOOD AND THIRD STREETS.
myh:p98:WF

CHAMPION DINING SALOON,
No. 45 Fifth Street.
OPEN ALL DAY AND ALL NIGHT.
MEALS at all hours. BEST OYSTERS, in all styles, at cheapest prices in the city.
M. F. KELLY, Proprietor.
fe13:118

NOTICE—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until 25TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, for digging a portion of the trenches for the
Allegheny County Workhouse and Infirmate Asylum.
GEO. ALBREE, Secretary.
☞ Specifications may be seen at BAR & MOSER'S office, St. Clair street. fe13:112

SODA ASH.—100 casks common Soda Ash, for sale by
JOHN B. CANFIELD & SON.
fe20

DRIED PEACHES.—10 barrels bright (halves) dried Peach s for sale by
JOHN B. CANFIELD & SON.
fe20

POT CLAY.—10 tons of the celebrated Blue Ridge Pot Clay just received and for sale by
JOHN B. CANFIELD & SON.
fe20

CHEESE.
10 boxes Goshen Cheese;
10 " factory do;
30 " Hamburg do;
For sale by JOHN B. CANFIELD & SON.

PEARL ASH.—50 casks Pearl Ash for sale by
JOHN B. CANFIELD & SON.
fe20

NOTICE.
THE FIRM OF LANGHEAD & HARE have made an assignment for the benefit of creditors to JACOB SUSH and BENJ. LOUTHER. All persons having claims against said firm will present them as soon as possible, and all persons indebted to the same will please settle their accounts at the office of the undersigned.
J. RUSH & CO.,
No. 237 Beaver avenue,
fe21:70 Allegheny City.

NOTICE.
DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.
The Co-Partnership heretofore existing between WILSON, DAWSON & CO., Wholesale Grocers, in the old stand, Nos. 46 and 48 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All business of the late firm will be settled by JNO. DAWSON, who will continue the business at the old stand, Nos. 46 and 48 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.
MARVIN LOWRY,
fe21:71 JOHN DAWSON.

IN THE MATTER OF APPLICATION OF THE
Union Building & Loan Association,
Of the City of Pittsburgh, for a Charter. No. 992, March Term, 1868.
Notice is hereby given that an application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, by the Union Building and Loan Association, of Pittsburgh, for a Charter, that an instrument in writing, specifying the objects, articles, conditions, and name, style or title under which the said Association is to be located, has been presented to the Court and filed in the Prothonotary's Office, and if no sufficient reason is shown to the contrary, said Charter will be granted at the next term of this Court.
BY THE COURT,
E. A. MONTOOTH,
Attorney for Petitioners fe11:3t5

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.
In the Court of Common Pleas. THERESA WYNKOOP, by her next friend, A. C. BARKLEY, versus WILLIAM F. WYNKOOP.
IN DIVORCE.
And now, Feb nary 5th, 1868, J. H. FLACK, Esq., appointed Commissioner to take testimony on part of libellant and report the facts to Court.
To WILLIAM F. WYNKOOP, the above named respondent:
TAKE NOTICE,
That I will attend for the purposes of my appointment, at the office of H. C. Mackrell, No. 90 Grant street, Pittsburgh, on WEDNESDAY, March 4th, A. D. 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., at which time and place you may attend.
J. H. FLACK, Commissioner.
fe7:1087

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.
Western District of Pennsylvania,
PITTSBURGH, February 20, 1868.
THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 18th day of February, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the
ESTATE OF PHILIP PASTRE,
Of the City of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been judged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 55 Diamond street, in the City of Pittsburgh, before SAMUEL HAZEN, Esq. Register, on the 6th day of March, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.
THOMAS A ROWLEY,
fe21:69 U. S. Marshal as Messenger.

THE BEST FITTING DRAWERS
IN THE WORLD ARE THE
Patent Pantaloon Drawers,
The genuine bear our trade mark,
P. P. D.
FISK, CLARK & FLAGG,
PATENTEES AND MANUFACTURERS
No 58 White St, New York.
fe20:MWF

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF DRAYS, HACKS, &c.
Notice is hereby given to all owners of Drays, Carts, Carriages, Hacks and other Vehicles or Hire-Stands in the city of Pittsburgh, to procure licenses for the same at the office of the City of Pittsburgh, FOR TWELVE, in accordance with the Ordinance passed April 16, 1860, and an Ordinance of the Controller of the City of Pittsburgh, passed April 8, 1868.
All persons failing to comply with the law of 1860, will be stayed in the hands of the Chief of Police, and the Controller is directed to collect the license thereof and all persons who neglect or refuse to take out a license will be subject to a penalty, to be recovered before the Mayor, double the amount of the License.
The Annual Report of the City Treasurer must be returned at the time the Licenses are issued, or pay 25 per cent thereafter.
RATES OF LICENSE:

Each One Horse Vehicle	$ 7.50
Each Two Horse "	15.00
Each Five Horse "	18.00
Each Two Horse Hack	10.00
Each Single Horse Hack	5.00

And for Each and Every Eight and Three Horses, Eighteen Dollars each. For each additional horse used in addition to the above, One Dollar.
SAMUEL ALLINDER,
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S. M. KIER.

NOTICE.
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Who has been missing since TUESDAY EVENING, January 21st.
He is about 14 years of age; about five feet seven inches in height, and has a slight halt in his walk. He had on when last left home that morning, a silk hat, dark willed coat, pants and vest, and a dark cassimere overcoat. The left boot which he wore had a patch on the inside.
Information may be left at WM. J. ANDERSON & CO'S. Water street, or at the CLOTHING STORE, Liberty street. jan7

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ OYSTER SUPPER, for the BENEFIT OF THE CHURCH HOME, at the Sunday School Room of Trinity Church, on the
Evenings of Thursday and Friday, 20th and 21st of February.
Lunch will be served each day.
There will also be sales of useful and fancy articles and flowers fe19:160

J. VIENNOT & CO., General NEWSPAPER, CORRESPONDING & ADVERTISING AGENTS,
133 Nassau Street, New York.
(Established in 1852.)
REFERENCES—Mr. H. T. Heimbold, Druggist, 594 Broadway, New York; Messrs. S. R. Vanduzer & Co., 198 Greenwich st., New York; Messrs. Hall & Sackett, 240 Greenwich st., N. Y.; Messrs. G. Mercer, Son & Co., Type Founders, 13 Chamberlain st., N. Y.; Messrs. Hagar & Co., Type Founders, 32 gould st., N. Y. fe21:78MWF

ALL OF THE MANUFACTURES
OF THE
Pittsburgh White Lead and
COLOR WORKS,
INCLUDING
STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD,
ZINC, PAINTS,
CHROME GREEN,
VERDITER GREEN,
VENETIAN GREEN,
CHROME YELLOW,
VENETIAN,
And every variety of Colors, dry and ground in oil, for sale by
HARRIS & EWING,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
Corner Liberty and Wayne Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
fe21:107

KAY & COMPANY,
No. 65 Wood Street,
(LAFAYETTE BUILDING.)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS,
PAPER DEALERS,
And Blank Book Manufacturers,
LAW, MEDICAL, SCHOOL, and MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS.
BLANK BOOKS, of all kinds.
POCKET MEMORANDUMS.
WRITING PAPERS, ENVELOPES.
COUNTING-HOUSE STATIONERY.
FANCY STATIONERY.
LEGAL STATIONERY.
WRITING INKS.
GOLD PENS.
☞ BLANK BOOKS made to order, of the best quality of paper and binding.
☞ MERCANTILE PRINTING executed in the best manner.
Orders by mail promptly attended to.
fe21:F

RARE CHANCE FOR BUSINESS.
ONE OF THE BEST STANDS
IN PENNSYLVANIA
FOR SALE.
As I wish to contract my business and devote my entire time to other pursuits, I offer for sale my entire stock, consisting of a large and well assorted stock of
Groceries, Lamps, Table Glassware,
CHANDELIERS AND FIXTURES.
House contains of the two fine, commodious and well arranged stores,
Nos. 172 and 174 Federal Street,
Connected by openings in first and second stories, and can be used either separate or together, as may be desired. Also, a large Stable for four horses and three wagons, fronting on Sandusky street. Store Deed for sale for cash, or on favorable terms. Possession given immediately. Terms seven hundred dollars cash, balance to suit purchaser. Terms seven hundred dollars cash, balance to suit purchaser. Terms seven hundred dollars cash, balance to suit purchaser. Terms seven hundred dollars cash, balance to suit purchaser. Terms seven hundred dollars cash, balance to suit purchaser. Terms seven hundred dollars cash, balance to suit purchaser. Terms seven hundred dollars cash, balance to suit purch

The Pittsburgh Gazette

THE PEARL WEAKER.

Within the midnight of her hair,
Half hidden in the deepest deeps,
A single peerless, priceless pearl,
All slimy-eyed forever sleeps.
Without the diamond's sparkling eyes,
The ruby's blushes—there it lies!
Modest as the tender Dawn
When her purple veil's withdrawn—
The flower of gems—all icy, cold and pale!
Yet, what dolls all wealth!
All its beauty, all its grace,
All the honors of its place!
He who plucked it from its bed
In the fair blue Indian Ocean,
Lieth, without life or motion,
In his earthly dwelling—dead!
And his children, one by one,
When they look upon the sun,
Curse the toil by which he drew
The treasure from its bed of blue.
Gentle bride, no longer wear
In thy night black, odorous hair
Such a spoil! It is not fit
That a tender soul should sit
Under such accursed gem.
What need's it thou a diadem!
Thou, within whose Eastern eyes
Thought, a starry genius lies!
Thou, whom Beauty has arrayed—
Thou, whom Love and Truth have made
Beautiful!—in whom we view
Woman's softness, angel's grace—
All we hope for, all that streams
Upon us in our haunted dreams!
O, sweet lady! cast aside,
With a gentle, modest pride,
All to sin or pain allied.
Let the will-eyed conqueror wear
The bloody laurel in his hair;
Let the black and snaky vine
Round the drinker's temples twine;
Let the slave-begotten gold
Weigh on bosoms hard and cold;
But be thou forever known
By thy natural right alone!

[Barry Cornwall.

PERSONAL.

—Mrs. Lincoln thinks she is not insane.

—Charles Keanis reported to have left $250,000 behind him.

—Somebody asks if the famous "Black Douglass" of history was Fred.

—Miss Bateman is still playing *Leah* with unabated success in England.

—There are seventeen aspirants for the Congressional nomination in the Third, Iowa, District.

—Bob Lincoln is to be married to a daughter of Senator Harlan, and not to Miss Harris, as was reported.

—Mr. Frederick Douglass says that he has reason to believe that he is the son of a United States Senator.

—Judge N. Holmes, of the Missouri Supreme Court, has been tendered a professorship in the Harvard Law School.

—Gen. Phil. Sheridan is thirty-seven years old. He was born at Somerset, Perry county, Ohio, on the 6th of March, 1831.

—A portrait of Fred. Douglass spoils the sale of Mrs. H. B. Stowe's new book, but she refuses to have it removed.

—It is thought the Hon. N. P. Baldwin will receive the unanimous nomination for Governor from the Republicans of Michigan.

—The ladies of Cork presented Mr. George Francis Train with, what they considered a suitable present, a boiled blood pudding.

—Hon. J. S. Macdonald has refused the Lieutenant Governorship of Ontario and has been tendered a seat in the Dominion Cabinet.

—Queen Victoria devotes a great deal of her time to knitting, so that employment has become very fashionable among English ladies of a certain age.

—The once notorious preacher, Kalloch, is lecturing in Kansas on "Lessons from the life of Abraham Lincoln." He is said to be the ablest orator in the State.

—Garibaldi is very ill at Caprera and fears are entertained that he will never recover. Hope deferred has made his heart sick beyond the reach of medicines.

—George Alfred Townsend thinks that Millard Fillmore is one of the handsomest men he ever saw, "with a neck and shoulders like a champagne bottle."

—Judge Billington was executed for murder near Boston, in Plymouth Colony, early in the seventeenth century. It was the first execution for murder in this country.

—Gen. Sheridan's denial of his engagement to Miss H——n is now understood. He is said to be engaged and shortly to be married to Miss Grace Fenton, of Albany.

—The Marquis de Caux is said to have a fortune of four millions of francs of debts. Therefore, it is said, the Patti has at last been prevailed upon to send him the mitten.

—Mr. Burlingame, in his new capacity, receives a salary of $55,000 in gold, and has the expenses of his suite of thirty Chinese officials paid by the Chinese Government.

—Mr. George Ticknor Curtis thinks Mr. Winthrop would be the proper person to whom to tender the mission to the Court of St. James, but he fears he would not accept it.

—Forrest, whose infamous and cruel behavior at Fort Pillow has embalmed his memory in rather an undesirable form, has recently filed a petition in bankruptcy in Memphis.

—The Senator who made his appearance at breakfast at Willard's recently in the costume usually devoted to the hours of slumber, was not Yates as was reported, but Saulsbury.

—Menken (the figure-aunt) sails this month for New York where she will rest for a short time, and then go to San Francisco where she has been engaged to play one hundred nights.

—If Admiral Farragut was younger we should fear he would be spoiled by the adulation which is heaped upon him; but we fancy he can stand it pretty nearly as well as any one now.

—The first child born of Christian parents in what are now called the United States, was Virginia Dare, in the year 1581. If still alive and unmarried she would be quite an old maid.

—Mrs. Gen. Robert Anderson is likely to get fifteen thousand dollars for injuries done to the plantation of her father, Gen. Clinch, in Florida, thirty years ago by the Seminole Indians.

—The ladies of Buda and Pesth have presented the Empress of Austria with a beautiful cradle for the exclusive use of the expected addition to the Imperial and Royal family of Hapsburg.

—A strong Russian squadron is being fitted out for the alleged purpose of escorting the Grand Duke Constantine on a visit to his daughter, the Queen of the Greeks. Turkey does not like such escorts so near Crete.

—M. Emile Angier has written a new play called "Paul Ferrestier," which is said to be the greatest and most deserving success for years. The legitimate drama it is thought will look up again on the sole strength of this production.

—Mr. Lincoln once said that if there was ever any difference in his cabinet he was always certain to have the member from Connecticut on his side. It is hardly necessary to state that Mr. Welles was that member and that he still exhibits the same readiness to be on the side of the man in power.

—Frederick Gerstaecker, the renowned German traveller and author, was in Cincinnati during the prize fight in which Aaron Jones was defeated. He, in writing to the *Koelner Zeitung*, says he finds it strange that such things should be allowed in a country where a horrible outcry is raised if one drinks a glass of beer on Sunday, particularly as the field where the fight took place was rented for that purpose by a Baptist preacher.

—Mr. Bergh of New York is too absurd; he really ought to be remonstrated with. He is president of a society to prevent cruelty to animals, and in that capacity does the most preposterous things. Last week he had actually the foolish temerity to have a driver of a street car arrested, because he beat his horses with a board. There were two horses and they had only one car to pull. To be sure the car had more than *ninety* people on it, and the grade was heavy and the rails icy, but then they had no business to fall down, and it was not until they did that, that the driver beat them, and Mr. Bergh had him arrested.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A COUGH, A COLD, OR A SORE THROAT requires immediate attention, and should be checked. If allowed to continue,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption

is often the result.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. **For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases.** Troches are used with always good success.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Obtain only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the WORTHLESS IMITATIONS that may be offered.

SOLD EVERYWHERE. 50 [1]&T

BUCHU.

(From Dispensatory of the United States.)

DIOSMA CRENATA. BUCHU LEAVES.

Properties.—Their odor is strong, diffusive and somewhat aromatic, their taste bitterish, and analogous to mint.

Medical Properties and Uses.—Buchu leaves are gently stimulant, with a peculiar tendency to the *Urinary Organs*, producing diuresis, and like other similar medicines, exciting diaphoresis.

They are given in complaints of the Urinary Organs, such as Gravel, Chronic Catarrh of the Bladder, Morbid irritation of the Bladder and Urethra, Disease of the Pro tate and Retention or Incontinence of Urine, from a loss of tone in the parts concerned in its evacuation. The remedy has also been recommended in Dyspepsia, Chronic Rheumatism, Cutaneous Affections and Dropsy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is used by persons from the ages of 18 to 25, and from 35 to 55, or in the decline or change of life. Over Confinement or Labor Pains; Bed wetting in children.

In Affections Peculiar to Females the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Cancerous State of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa or Whites.

Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel and Dropsical Swellings.—This medicine increases the power of Digestion and excites the Absorbent into healthy action, by which the Watery or calcareous depositions, and all Unnatural Enlargements are reduced, as well as Pain and Inflammation.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu has cured every case of diabetes in which it has been given. Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder and Inflammation of the Kidneys, Ulceration of the kidneys and Bladder, Retention of Urine, Stricture of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel, Brick dust Deposit, and Mucus or Milky Discharges, and for Affections and Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause, and of long standing, the Extract Buchu is recommended with the utmost confidence as a remedy that will not disappoint the patient, or undermine the constitution, but will speedily effect a cure. Pamphlets, containing the most unexceptionable testimony of the remarkable cures effected by this Extract, sent free to any address.

Sold by druggists everywhere. Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.

Delivered to any address, free from observation.

Caution.—As the Extract Buchu is fast becoming a popular remedy, many worthless preparations are palmed upon the public under various names, and purporting to be extracts, sarsaparillas, &c., of Buchu, and should be carefully avoided.

Ask for HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, and take no other.

Depot, 594 Broadway, New York.

Depot, No. 104 South Tenth street, Philadelphia.

Depot, No. 1 Tremont Row, Boston.

Depot, No. 104 Kearney street, San Francisco.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU IS DIURETIC AND BLOOD-PURIFYING,

And cures all Diseases arising from Habits of Dissipation, Excesses and Imprudence in Life, Impurities of the Blood, &c., superseding Copaiba in affections for which it is used, and unnecessary Mercurial or long standing, and Syphilitic Affections—in these diseases as used in connection with

HELMBOLD'S

DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

594 BROADWAY,

And by Druggists everywhere.

ASK FOR

HELMBOLD'S,

AND TAKE NO OTHER.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

se24wy

NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume, distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by

PHALON & SON, New York.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Ultimately, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, All Iron manufactures of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

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Foundersand Machinists, Pittsburgh.

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

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COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS

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PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Shelled Solder. Also, Importers and Dealers in Metals, Tin Plates, Spelter, Tin, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 140 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my14:d&wly

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JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,

STOCK AND REAL ESTATE BROKERS

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Are prepared to sell at Auction, Stocks, Bonds and all kinds of Securities, Real Estate, Household Furniture, &c., either on the premises or at the room of Trade Sessions.

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White Lead and Color Works,

Manufacturers of

WHITE AND RED LEAD,
ZINC, PUTTY, BRUNK LEAD,
McCOY'S VERDITER GREEN,
And all colors dry or in oil.

Office, No. 67 FOURTH STREET.

Factory, Nos. 450, 452, 454, 456 and 458 Rebecca Street and 49, 51 and 53 Locust street, Allegheny. n27

COLGATE & CO.'S FRAGRANT TOILET SOAPS

Are prepared by skilled workmen from the best materials, and are known as the STANDARD by dealers and customers. Sold everywhere. d&w

REMOVAL.

GREAT SALE AT COST!

My large stock of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS is offered at cost. I am going to move into my new building, No. 136 SMITHFIELD ST., between Fifth and Sixth streets, and will dispose of my present stock at VERY LOW PRICES.

JOHN ZWEIDINGER,
No. 136 Smithfield street.
oct8 n30

CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE CITY TO BUY THE TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE,

Is at No. 146 GRANT STREET.

jy2 P. C. DUFFY.

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No. 135 FOURTH ST., Pittsburgh.

Special attention is given to collections, matters in the Orphans' Court, Examination of Titles, and office business generally. Acknowledgment of Deeds, Depositions, &c., taken for all the States.

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Manufacturers of every description of Patent Stretched, Cemented and Riveted Oak-Tanned

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Union Depot, Pittsburgh.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL

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Ladies' and gentlemen's hair-cutting done in a neatest manner.

HEADQUARTERS FOR Warm Air Registers and Ventilators,

Black or White Enameled, Square or Round, at

RISSELL & CO.'S,

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WALL PAPERS! WALL PAPERS!

Comprising a full stock of all grades, from the cheap Brown to the fine Stamped Gold Paper, to be sold as low as the lowest in market. Call and see at

107 MARKET STREET, near th.

JOS. H. HIGGINS & SON.

PEARL-ASH.—13 casks first sort, to arrive by rail, for sale by

ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.
fe13

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS

JUST RECEIVED BY

JOS. HORNE & CO.

HAMBURG EDGINGS & INSERTINGS;
DIMITY BANDS;
NEW STYLE RUFFLINGS;
SILK AND BULLION FRINGES;
COLORED VELVET RIBBONS, all widths and shades;
THE CHASSE POINT TIE, something new, for Ladies.

A LARGE LOT OF

PLAIN AND HEM-STITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS,

VERY CHEAP.

A full line of all shades and sizes

ALEXANDRE'S KID GLOVES;

TASSELED KID GLOVES.

A choice assortment of FINE FRENCH FLOWERS, BRIDAL WREATHS, &c.

THE CELEBRATED

Bismarck Paper Collars,

For which we are th. Wholesale Agents. Also, agents for METROPOLITAN and KEYSTONE Paper Collar Companies.

Buying, as we do, exclusively for cash, we can offer superior inducements to cash buyers.

WHOLESALE ROOMS UP STAIRS.

fe17 **77 and 79 Market Street.**

SPECIAL IMPORTATION!

SPECIAL IMPORTATION!

SPECIAL IMPORTATION!

OF REAL LACES!

OF REAL LACES!

JUST RECEIVED,

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This lot, for ELEGANCE and VARIETY, surpassing any previous importation.

BERTHAS,
BARBES,
COIFFURES,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
COLLARS, &c.

PRICES REMARKABLY LOW!

Ladies should not delay their selection till the stock is broken.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

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NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED, AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.'S,

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BLEACHED MUSLINS,

CALICOES AND CRASH,

ENTIRE STOCK OF GOODS

CLOSING OUT,

To make room for extending the Store Room back.

Remember the place,

No. 87 Market Street.

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1868. **FEBRUARY.** 1868.

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WHOLESALE

DRY GOODS,

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Have now open a LARGE NEW STOCK, which they offer at

LESS THAN PRESENT EASTERN PRICES.

Merchants desiring to assort up, and save the advance, should call at

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Fine Furs for Holiday Presents,

FANCY BOXES,
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MORRISON'S STAR SHIRTS,
All kinds of FANCY JEWELRY,
WOOL & MERINO UNDERGARMENTS,
KID GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS,
HOSIERY, NECK TIES, SUSPENDERS,
CORSETS and HOOP SKIRTS.
FANCY FANS.

All our goods at reduced prices, in order to close out our winter stock. de24

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SPECIAL NOTICE,

To Purchasers of Clothing.

CRAY & LOGAN,

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In order to close out their still large assortment of

Boys', Youth's and Children's

CLOTHING,

Are now offering goods at DECIDED BARGAINS.

BOYS' SUITS FOR $5.00!

All other goods equally low.

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No. 47 St. Clair Street.

ja24:87

WINTER GOODS.

E HOUSTON & CO.,

Fashionable Merchant Tailors,

NO. 37 FIFTH STREET,

Have just received a second supply of

Winter Coatings,

Together with full lines of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and SUITINGS. All guaranteed and prices very reasonable.

A full supply of Men and Boys' READY MADE CLOTHING on hand, at prices to suit the times. no5:h68

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Merchant Tailor,

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Keeps constantly on hand a fine assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS.

ALSO, GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

GENT'S CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER, in the latest styles.

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No. 3 ST. CLAIR STREET, have just brought from the east a full supply of WINTER GOODS, viz: CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, OVERCOATINGS, &c., which they are prepared to cut and make up in a style equal to any shop in the east, and are determined to deserve and hope to receive a liberal patronage. no22:h&f

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MERCHANTS'

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HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c., for hire. Particular attention paid to purchase and sale of Horses.

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Particular attention paid to furnishing Hearse and Carriages for funerals: Horses kept at livery. my8:y4

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

CARPETS!

FROM ENGLAND.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED the first importation of the season, per steamers RUSSIA and IOWA, of our Spring Stock of

English Brussels Carpets,

VELVET RUGS AND MATS,

ENGLISH EXTRA SUPER INGRAINS.

The finest assortment, latest styles and lowest prices in the city.

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,

No. 23 Fifth Street.

fe12

SPRING SALES.

CARPETS

HAVE CERTAINLY REACHED

BOTTOM PRICES.

McCALLUM BROS.,

Offer a large assortment of all kinds of CARPETS, &c., at a reduction from previous seasons, UNSOLD SINCE THE CLOSE OF THE WAR.

OIL CLOTHS,

Of every goods, and decidedly the largest stock in any house in the city.

McCALLUM BROTHERS

51 Fifth Street, above Wood.

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REDUCTION

IN

CARPETS,

OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS,

WINDOW SHADES, &c.,

AT

BOVARD, ROSE & CO'S,

21 Fifth Street,

ja24:d&wf (OVER BATES & BELL'S.

M'FARLAND & COLLINS,

ARE NOW OPENING THEIR

NEW SPRING STOCK

OF

CARPETS!

OIL CLOTHS,

WINDOW SHADES,

AND

CURTAIN GOODS,

PURCHASED LAST MONTH FOR CASH

AND IN MANY INSTANCES AT

LESS THAN ACTUAL COST TO MANUFACTURE.

These goods could not now be replaced for the same cost, and are offered FOR CASH at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Far Below Their Present Value,

At the place where bargains can always be had on the best stock in this market.

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EUREKA OIL WORKS,

Manufacturers of

Eureka Carbon Oil,

THE CELEBRATED

Sperm Lubricating Oils,

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Wholesale Dealers in

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Brand--"LUCIFER."

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Manufacturers and have for sale all kinds of

LUBRICATING OILS,

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Sealed Proposals will be received, for fifteen days from date, (February 5th,) at the office of the undersigned, for the GRADING, CURBING and PAVING of HAWK LANE, BRIDGE ST., McFADDEN STREET, PINE STREET, MAIN STREET, TROY STREET and UNION ALLEY. Specifications can be seen at the office of the Burgess.

JAMES CALLERY,

Burgess of Duquesne Borough.

fe5:m8

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MEANOR & HARPER,

FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE

Commission Merchants,

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Consignments solicited.

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M. STEELE & SON,

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KEIL & RITCHART,

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AND DEALERS IN

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COMMISSION MERCHANT,

And dealer in

FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE,

Office, 123 LIBERTY ST., Pittsburgh.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS,

396 Penn Street.

AGENCIES:

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M'BANE & ANZER,

Commission Merchants,

Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN and PRODUCE generally, No. 141 WATER, above Smithfield street, Pittsburgh. fe15

FETZER & ARMSTRONG,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

for the sale of Flour, Grain, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Seeds, Dried Fruits, and Produce generally, No. 18 Market Street, corner of First, Pittsburgh. Pa. fe6:m28

SCHOMAKER & LANG, Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Flour, Grain, Produce, Provisions, Fish, Cheese, Salt, Carbon Oil, Nos. 171 and 174 Wood Street, near Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.

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JOHN L. HOUSE & BROS., Suc-cessors to JOHN L. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale and Retail Grocers and Commission Merchants, corner of Smithfield and Water streets, Pittsburgh.

H. RIDDLE, No. 183 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa., Commission Merchant, and Wholesale Dealer in Country Produce, Groceries and Planters' Supplies. Cash advanced on Consignments, and paid for Produce generally. ap4:y

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Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Lard, Carbon and Land Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh manufactures generally 114 and 116 Second street, Pittsburgh.

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IN FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK,

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AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE

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OF PHILADELPHIA.

Office: 435 and 437 CHESTNUT ST., Near Fifth.

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Insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

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OFFICE, N. E. COR. WOOD AND FIFTH STS.

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TAKING FIRE AND MARINE RISKS.

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TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.

TOBACCO!

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FIVE HUNDRED CADDIES,

ASSORTED BRANDS,

JUST RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT.

SOUND, SWEET, BLACK NAVY QUARTERS & TRS,

As low as 50c. per pound.

Tobacconists, Grocers and others who deal in Tobacco, would do well to call and examine the stock, &c.

ROBERT F. WEDDELL'S

Regularly Established Tobacco Agency,

Cor. Smithfield & Water Sts.

JOHN MEGRAW,

Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,

40 HAND STREET.

A general assortment always on hand. Tobacco, Pipes and Smokers' Articles always on hand. se13

EXCELSIOR WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.

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SINGERLY & CLEIS,

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PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.

THE ONLY STEAM LITHOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT WEST OF THE MOUNTAINS. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 74 and 76 Third st., Pittsburgh.

CHAS. A. MILLER,

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CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES, BILLHEADS, LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles. ap18:1y36

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

2,000,000 ACRES

OF

CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE

BY THE

Union Pacific Railway Co.

EASTERN DIVISION.

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1.00 to $5.00 Per Acre,

And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS,

For particulars, maps, &c., address

JOHN F. DEVEREUX,

Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas

Or, CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,

St. Louis, Missouri.

FRAME COTTAGE,

SITUATE IN MT. WASHINGTON,

Within 25 minutes' walk of the Monongahela bridge. The house contains five rooms, kitchen, cellar and wash house. Lot 100 feet front by 260 feet deep, fronting on three streets. On the lot are 600 fruit bearing grape vines, over 200 different varieties of shrubbery, such as gooseberries, blackberries, strawberries and currants, peach, pear, apple, quince and cherry trees. Will be sold cheap. Inquire of

WILLIAM WARD,
126 Grant street,
opposite the Cathedral.

A COAL WORKS FOR SALE,

capable of running 15,000 bushels daily, including tenant houses, store house, flats, wagon, mules, and all the necessary fixtures for a large business and immediate operation. There are 418 acres of coal. This is one of the most valuable works on the Monongahela river. Will be sold low and on good terms.

Apply to W. A. HERRON, Real Estate Office, No. 90 Grant street, opposite Court House. se17

FAMILY GROCERY STORE

FOR SALE—Situated on one of the leading avenues in Lawrenceville. The stock is complete and well selected, and the house has a good guests to the amount of $25

The Pittsburgh Gazette

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

ALLEGHENY COUNCILS.

Special Meeting to Consider the Sewerage Question—Proposed Sewerage Law Approved—The Fire Department—Representation in Councils, &c., &c.

A special meeting of the Allegheny City Councils was held last evening in their chambers in the city building, for the purpose of considering the matter of the report of the special committee on a general Sewerage law.

Select Council.

Members present: Messrs. Black, Brown, English, Faulkner, Gang, Hall, Hartman, Motheral, Myler, Patterson, J. C., Patterson, A., Phillips, Reed, Riddle, Reiter, Smith, A. D., Smith Wm., Weise, Wettach, President McBrier and D. McFerron, Clerk.

Absent—Mr. Gwinner.

BUSINESS OF THE MEETING.

The President stated the object of the meeting, and said that the sewer matter was not well understood at the last meeting, on account of its being mixed up with the proposed Board of Public Works.

Mr. Brown, to simplify matters, moved that the Select Branch recede from their action on the subject at the last meeting.

Seconded by Mr. Hall and carried.

PROPOSED SEWERAGE LAW.

Mr. Brown then presented a copy of a supplement to the fourth section of an act passed by the Legislature, May 1st, 1861, which provides for the construction of sewers in the City of Allegheny. We give below a synopsis of the bill. The bill it is proposed to have enacted into a law by the State Legislature:

Section first provides that the City Engineer and the Committee of Councils on Streets and Sewers shall form a commission to make and adopt a general plan dividing the whole city into sewer districts, each district to have one or more main sewers, with necessary branches, connections and inlets.

Section second makes it the duty of the commission to designate the district or districts in which sewerage is necessary, and prepare specifications, &c., for the construction of sewers, showing location, size and the depth below street grades. When prepared, these plans, &c., shall be open to inspection by all parties interested. They shall also be submitted to Councils for final adoption, and when approved shall remain the corner plan of Sewerage of the designated district or districts, or parts thereof—subject, however, to changes that may be made on account of alteration in the grades of streets. When so approved, Councils may order the construction of such sewers as may be necessary from time to time.

Section third provides amounts for defraying the expenses of sewers as follows: All lots which abut or front on any street in which a sewer or drain is constructed shall be assessed a special rate on the foot front (except common grounds, which shall be assessed upon the superficial area) to be established and fixed by ordinance; the commission shall then assess such a rate on each square foot of superficial area contained in every lot, public square or common ground within said districts, as will, in the aggregate, be equal to the cost and expense of construction, including lineal assessment; provided, however, that in assessing the cost and construction of sewers that any property heretofore assessed for sewer construction shall be exempt until such time as all other property in the district in which the assessments are to be made shall have paid equally with the mentioned property; again provided, that the exemption shall not extend to property fronting or abutting on line of existing sewers. The assessments so made to be final and conclusive.

Section fourth provides that the commission as soon as the construction of any sewer is authorized by Councils, and before entering on the work, to ascertain the amount required to cover costs and expenses of such construction, and to assess the amount as provided on the property, which assessment shall be final and conclusive, and without exception or appeal, and shall be paid to the City Treasurer.

Section five provides that assessments herein provided shall be a lien upon the property upon which assessed, and if not paid within thirty days after notice, it shall be collected by the Solicitor in the same manner as provided in the act for the conversion of Common Grounds of the city of Allegheny into "Public Parks," which was approved March 26, 1867. The statements filed shall be evidence on trial. The amounts collected shall be paid to the Treasurer, for which collection he shall receive the five per cent. added to the amounts collected by him.

Section six provides that the Commission shall construct such additions to the sewers as they shall deem expedient, and furnish the proper plans of connection with the private drains or sewers to be made for connection therewith, including the cost in that of the construction of the sewer or sewers with which to be constructed.

Section seven provides that Councils shall establish by ordinance such rules and regulations, and provide penalties for their violation, and shall provide for the drainage of privies and cesspools, to regulate the construction of the same and make rules regulating them.

Section eight provides that the act go into effect immediately, and repealing all acts conflicting with it.

Mr. Brown moved that the sections be taken up *seriatim*, which was adopted.

The first section being read Mr. Hall objected that the matter of laying out the districts is not ordered to be submitted to Councils for approval.

It was stated that the intention was to have all the actions of the Commission approved first by Council.

Mr. Hall stated that he did not, however, provide for that which he had reference to. It was clearly provided that the plans and specifications should be submitted, but the matter of the districts was left out.

The section was adopted with an amendment providing for submitting the arrangement of the districts to Councils for approval.

The second section was read and adopted without discussion.

The third section was read.

Mr. Hall inquired if the common grounds would be assessed, and was answered in the affirmative. It was considered very proper that the city should pay for the drainage of her property.

The section was adopted.

The fourth section being read, Mr. Brown explained that it was intended to pay for the work of sewer construction as it progressed, under the belief that thus it would be done cheaper, where contractors had not to wait for their money long.

Mr. Myler thought the assessment should be collected in installments, so as to make it as light as possible on the property holders. He suggested that it be required to have paid twenty per cent. every thirty days after the assessment is made.

Mr. McBrier, President, suggested that this might cause considerable trouble to collect.

Mr. Hall suggested an amendment providing that when a sewer is ordered to be constructed that Councils then fix how the assessments shall be paid.

Mr. Brown, from the Committee, thought that Mr. Myler's suggestion would not work well, as the trouble to collect would amount to a good deal, be, if divided into five or six installments, would be impracticable. The gentleman thought the matter as fixed by the Committee in the proposed act was as good an arrangement as could be devised.

Mr. Myler moved that the section be amended as he suggested.

Mr. Motheral seconded the motion.

Mr. C. C. Patterson moved that Mr. Hall's suggestion be adopted: That the section be adopted giving Councils power to fix how the assessment shall be collected when the sewer is ordered to be constructed. It was argued in favor of this, that in case of small sewers, costing but little throughout the district, the assessments should be paid in at once, while on large sewers the assessments may be ordered to be paid in installments.

The section was adopted, with the amendment moved by Mr. Patterson.

The fifth, sixth and seventh sections were adopted as read.

On the motion to adopt the act as read, Mr. Myler moved that it be inserted in the first section, "to take effect at once on all sewers hereafter to be constructed." Adopted, and the act as a whole and as amended approved, Common Council concurring.

Mr. Brown moved that the rules be suspended, in order to take up new business. Carried.

PETITIONS, REMONSTRANCES, &c.

Mr. Brown presented a remonstrance against the proposed widening of Pitt alley to more than twenty feet, as at first proposed. Referred to the Street Committee.

Common Council concurred.

Mr. Riddle presented a petition from citizens of the Third ward, praying for the grading and paving of Perry street. Referred to the Street Committee.

Mr. Black presented a petition from citizens of the Fifth ward praying for the grading and paving of Hamblin street from Bidwell to Fulton street. Referred to the Street Committee.

Mr. Brown presented a petition for a water pipe on Bidwell street, from Franklin one square to an alley. Referred to Water Committee.

WANT OF LIGHT.

Mr. Riddle offered a resolution to the effect that the Police and Gas Committee be instructed to meet together to ascertain the cause of the present condition of the gas lamps, and have the difficulty removed immediately.

Mr. Brown thought that the difficulty lay with the Chairman of the Gas Committee, who should give attention to the matter and secure a remedy.

Mr. Hall thought that the Committees on Police and Gas Lighting should meet and have an understanding between them. There had been a variance of opinion, a conflict of authority between them.

Mr. Riddle thought the Committees should meet and act in harmony together. The difficulty appeared to be a want of alcohol, and a difference of opinion as to who should furnish the supply.

Mr. Myler thought that there should be concerted action of the two Committees. The lamps were kept very dirty, and a reform was needed.

Other gentlemen agreed to the remarks of those who had preceded them, but stated that inasmuch as the lamps had been cleaned yesterday, it was not probable that any further difficulty would be experienced in the future. The resolution was referred to the Committees. C. C. concurred.

COUNCIL ROOM IMPROVEMENTS.

Mr. Riddle offered a resolution that the Committee on City Property be authorized to ascertain if any improvements can be made in the Select Council chamber, in the way of a false ceiling or otherwise, so that speakers can be more easily heard.

Mr. McBrier stated that Mr. Barr, architect, had suggested that the room could be improved, and he was willing to experiment upon it. If not successful he (Mr. Barr) would expect no pay. The resolution was adopted.

On motion, adjourned.

Common Council.

Members present—Messrs. Blair, Conley, Clark, Eyster, Fleming Hanna, Hastings, Hoshuly, Kennedy, Kunkle, Lindsay, Ley, Megraw, Mayer, McNeill, Ober, Reed, Richardson, Tate, Voeghtly, Warner, and President Siegel.

Absent—Messrs. Brown, Cutler, Dunlap, Gray, McDonald, and Wilson.

The President announced that this was a special meeting, called for the purpose of considering the report of the special committee on the sewerage law, and without a suspension of the rules no other business could be transacted.

On motion of Mr. Hanna, the rules were suspended.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were then read and approved.

Mr. Voeghtly presented a petition from residents of Third street, in the Third ward, asking that a fire plug be established on said street, between Chestnut street and East Lane. Referred to Committee on Streets.

Mr. Mayer a petition from citizens of the Sixth ward, setting forth the fact that they were not provided with hydrant water, and asking Councils to take the necessary steps to have them supplied. Referred to Water Committee.

A resolution from the Council, which was passed at a preceding meeting, authorizing the Finance Committee to borrow ten thousand dollars at a rate of interest not to exceed eight per cent., to pay outstanding bills, was taken up and concurred in.

The petition of the firemen, asking the establishment of an independent fire department, accompanied by an ordinance, which was acted upon in S. C. at the preceding meeting, was next taken up and read. In Select Council read and referred to Committee on Engines.

On motion, Common Council nonconcurred with action of Select Council, and asked for a committee of conference, and Messrs. Hanna, Tate and Comley appointed. In S. C. Messrs. Myler and Riddle were appointed.

The Committee reported, recommending Common Council to concur with Select Council.

On motion the report was adopted. Council adjourned.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were left in the Recorder's office, Feb. 19th, 1868:

S. P. Harbison to Miss Annie E. Brown, Nov. 7th, 1867, lot on Hamilton street, in the Sixth ward, Allegheny, 81 by 130 feet.....$1000

John Burke to Bridget Burke, Feb. 17th, 1868, lot No. 79 in Wm. Brown's plan of lots in Lower St. Clair township, by 100 feet.....$500

James Lytle to Alexander McKee, April 4th, 1865, lot on Cliff street, in the Seventh Ward, Pittsburgh, 25 by 122 feet.....$1,525

William Chess to James Nimick, Aug. 31st, 1864, all the bituminous coal underlying 15 acres of ground in Chartiers township, Allegheny county.....$1,000

John H. Stewart, Sheriff, to Thomas M. Marshall, Dec. 3d, 1864, interest of Peter Baughman in a lot in Braddock's Fields, 50 by 150 feet.....$30

George Steinhauer, Sheriff, to Wm. Hamilton, Jan. 22, 1868, lots Nos. 36 and 37, in Taggart's plan of lots in Manchester, 41 by 185 feet.....$1,000

William Hamilton to Peter Hamilton, September 5, 1867, lot of ground in Allegheny city, 200 by 616 feet....$3,394 40

Isaac Edmundson to Eliza Freeman, April 14, 1867, lot on Spruce street, in McKeesport, 50 by 95 feet.....$300

David Fitzsimmons to John B. Dunberg, December 28, 1865, lots No. 34 and 35 in Cook and Cassett's plan of lots in the Seventh ward, Pittsburgh.....$4,800

J. J. Shutterly, trustee, to Conrad Rock, November 17, 1867, lots Nos. 123 and 124 in Shutterly's plan of lots in Indiana township, 68 by 150 feet.....$600

William H. Edie to William B. Rodgers, February 18, 1868, lot on Poplar street, in the Third ward Allegheny, 20 by 75 feet.....$2,000

Samuel Lindsay to Mrs. Sara A. Niblock, December 9, 1867, tract of land in Plum tp., containing 90 acres....$5,000

Robert Woods to Mary Jane Wright, August 29, 1867, lot No. 45 in Wood's plan of lots in Pitt township, fronting on Middle street 22 feet and extending back 100 fee.....$250

Nathan Graham to John R. Watson, 29th March 1868, lot No. 148, in the Buena Vista extention of Allegheny, on Monterey street, 29 by 100 feet.....$2,950

William Griffin to August Veilman, Dec. 2, 1867, lot on Fifth street Eighth ward, Pittsburgh, 24 by 48 feet.....$1,300

Jacob Rush to Ellen Stibbits, Feb. 23, 1866, lot on Chestnut street, Manchester, 21 by 100 feet.....$600

William F. Trimble to Thomas Espy, 17, 1867, tract of land in Sewickley township, containing 20 acres....$800

Threatened Her.—Catherine Kreppler made information before Alderman Taylor, yesterday, against Jacob Sawder for surety of the peace. She alleges that Jacob threatened to take her life. The parties reside on Second street. The defendant was arrested and held for a hearing.

—Stephen Ives, proprietor of the Meridan House, in Meridan, Conn., in whose hotel Frederick Douglass was called a "nigger" and from whose public table Douglass was ejected, brutally assaulted Captain Riggs, editor of the Meridan *Recorder* on Thursday morning, for commenting on the affair. Much excitement prevailed and popular indignation was aroused against Ives, who was arrested and held to answer both in civil and criminal actions.

PH. R. MERTZ,

BANKER AND BROKER,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

Government Securities

Gold, Silver,

And Coupons,

Bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

CONVERSION OF 7-30'S.

We are now prepared to convert the SECOND and THIRD SERIES of

SEVEN-THIRTIES

INTO THE

New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Securities,

Corner Fourth & Wood Streets.

FINANCE AND TRADE

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, February 20, 1868.

Gold opened weak at 140, declined to 139¾, advanced to 140¾, and was dull all day, but at the close the market advanced to 140¼. The low rate of gold has brought out a large number of purchasers of exchange, and thus the rate for foreign bills is equal to the shipping point of gold and may lead to speedy payments for next Saturday's steamer.

Government bonds though dull remain steady, the investment demand is entirely confined to the seaboard cities, and is only a temporary employment for money.

Stocks are lower and entirely manipulated by cliques, and though the money market is easy and likely to remain so, it is dangerous for anybody out of Wall street to buy at present high prices.

Our local money market works close, the banks are only discounting for their own customers and will do only short paper well endorsed. Small property holders are much embarrassed by this, and many are forced to mortgage their homesteads to meet payments becoming due soon; it is very difficult to obtain money at this way except by private parties where those accommodations are considered a personal favor. A brisk demand is kept up for all the bonds of our local railroads at from 10 to 18 per cent. below par.

The following New York quotations, received by Ph R. Mertz, are as follows:

Gold, 140¾; 1881's, 111¾; 5-20s, 1862, 111¾; 1864, 108¾; 1865, 109¾; Consols, 107¾; 10-40s, 103¾; 7-30s, 107¾.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.	97¾
Merchants Union Express	50¼
Western Union Telegraph	34½
Erie R. R. common	74¾
Pittsburgh Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R.	101
Northwestern Railroad—common	86¾
Northwestern Railroad—preferred	74¾
New York Central	135¾
Ohio and Mississippi Certificates	30¾
Michigan Southern	92¾
Quartz	42
Ontario	17 70
Quicksilver	24¾

—The following are the present and estimated maximum figures of the gold bearing funded debt and the annual gold interest charge thereon:

	After July 15, 1868
United States 5-20s,	$1,488,488,850	$1,477,307,400
Sixes of 1881	283,676,000	283,676,000
Ten Forties	192,717,000	200,000,000
Old 5 per cents	47,052,000	47,052,000
Old 6 per cts, 1867 & 8	6,435,000	
Navy Pension fund	13,000,000	13,000,000
Total principal	$1,931,369,542	$2,020,920,400
Gold int. per year	112,864,780	117,749,520

The amount of Seven Thirty per cents entitled to be funded into United States Five Twenties on or before the 15th of July next, if not previously purchased by the Treasury from the avails of its currency balances and the proceeds of the sales of surplus gold, was, on the first of February, $414,993,850, or $413—000,000 more than is allowed for in the Secretary's estimate of the maximum gold-bearing funded debt. To purchase which excess in all the next five months, or to purchase, if deemed cheaper, and cancel for the sinking fund, any of the old Five Twenties, registered or coupon, the Treasury owned on the first of February, $63,871,850 in gold on hand, for payment of the January interest, and allowing for $29,619,380 outstanding gold notes. This large balance will probably be increased before the May interest falls due to $105,000,000, or more than four times the sum required to pay that interest, exclusive of the customs receipts collected in May.

—The Chicago *Tribune*, of Wednesday, says: There was in the aggregate a more pressing demand for discounts, growing out of the increased activity in breadstuffs and provisions, and business at the banks engaged in the produce trade exhibited more animation than for some weeks past. The country, too, is not so much shocking to about the same extent as noticed yesterday, and in most quarters currency was working quite easy. The most decisive feature in connection with the market is the comparatively slight demand for discounts on mercantile paper. Stocks of all kinds of goods due are unusually low, and the merchants are not disposed to be inferred from the market falling off in the counter demand for exchange. It is the general belief in financial circles that the requirements for the seasonable country will be small during the coming spring, as there is no intention on the part of the jobbers to go to any extent beyond necessary assortments, until the prospects for the spring trade shall have fully developed. The commercial paper offered is not adapted to the wants of operators in breadstuffs and provisions, though there is the usual amount to be found—mostly on the street. The rates of interest are unchanged.

CENTRAL LIVE-STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, February 20, 1868.

CATTLE.

There was a slight improvement in the demand for Cattle this week, there being a larger number of buyers in attendance than usual, though, taking everything into consideration, prices are no better than last week. The Philadelphia market was reported pretty hard on Monday, the supply being considerably in excess of the demand, and, as a consequence, Philadelphia buyers did not come out prepared to pay an advance, notwithstanding the advices from New York were favorable and holders here expected better prices this week. As a general thing, the quality of the cattle on sale was hardly up to the usual standard, consisting mainly of rough oxen, steers and cows; there were some medium butchers cattle, and a few prime, but the offerings were mostly, as we have already stated, of an inferior order. The sales, in the aggregate, were light, but this has been the case for several weeks past, and the great proportion of the cattle arriving at these yards are shipped on east, owners generally preferring this to taking the chances of selling here, though it often happens that it would have been much better for them if they had disposed of their stock in this market.

Chas. Lafferty & Co. sold 20 head of good cattle for Hudson to Moses & Klemen at 8½; 47 for Coppass, to same buyers, at 7¾—$10 cff, 16 for Dunlap to same buyer, at 8¼; 55 for Rigby, to Clemson at 7.10; 13 for McClure & Mosby to Klemen & Ault at 7¾.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R. sold 18 head to Moses at 8, 45; 1 at 4, and 21 for Lamb to Stein & Sons, at 7¾.

Charles Shomaker sold 17 head of fairish Belmont county, Ohio, steers to Messenger, Gillett & Co. at 7¾.

Gibson sold Klemen 7 head, including 4 oxen at 7—weighed 9,190 lbs.

Kraus & Haas sold Klemen & Mosses 17 head of pretty good cattle, weighing 22,310, at 8.

Church sold 20 head cows to John McArdle, weighing 10,350, at 6½; same sold R. Mayne 15 at 8,35; 20 at 7¾—2 stags at 7.

HOGS.

With continued light arrivals, and a continued steady shipping demand, the market for Hogs throughout the past week, has ruled firm, prices are well maintained, ranging from 7¾c to 9¼c, gross, for common to choice heavy averages, and these may be regarded as the extremes of the market. How long these extreme, we might say exorbitant prices will be maintained, it is difficult to conjecture at this writing; some dealers think that a reaction will break down and that, too, very soon, basing their prediction on the ground that the present extreme prices will hurry forward large arrivals; while others argue that a reaction is not probable, as they contend that the country is pretty well drained. Be this as it may, of one thing we are certain, and that is, that the demand for fresh pork will be very much diminished, as poor people, out of employment cannot pay the present exorbitant prices—it is simply out of the question—and this of itself will have considerable influence towards breaking the market.

Glass, Lafferty & Co. sold 117 head for Hudson to Crouse, Emerick & Co. at 8 10; 95 for Dowd to Dripps & Stockton at 9.18; 167 for Hudson to Crouse Emerick & Co. at 7.90; 94 for same to Imhoff at 8¼; 202 for Dowd to Crouse, E. & Co. at 8¼; 197 for same to Gilchriest & Co. at 8¼; 73 for Dowd to Messenger, Gillett & Co. at 8; 161 for Dowd to E. Smith at 8¼; 86 for same to Dripps & Stockton (extra, weighing 300 lbs. each) at 9¼; 80 for same to Gilchriest & Co. at 8¾.

Singer & Imhoff bought 104 head from Robinson at 9.10; 94 from Glass, Lafferty & Co. at 9.10 from Hepler at 9¼; 95 from Clifford at 9; 112 from Hedges at 9, 90 from Conklin at 9¼. Shipped 292 head Chicago Hogs, costing 8¾, at Chicago.

Herbert & Taylor sold 81 head for Binninger at 8.35; 98 for Rosenbaugh at 7.75; 74 for Keiser & Co. to Pearce at 7¾; 74 to Emerick & Co. at 8; 80 for Combs to Smith & Co. at 7.85; 115 for same to Gilchriest & Co. at 9; 177 for Eisman & Fidonek to Hedges at 8¼; 129 for same to same at 8; 175 for same to same at 8.40; 95 for same to Crouse, Emerick & Co. at 9¼.

Messenger, Gillett & Co. bought 96 head at 7.10; 90 from A. Miller at 7.90; 41 from J. Cargo at 7.30; 90 from Miller at 7.90; 11 from Green at 8; 50 from Hamilton at 8¼; 83 from Tilden at 9¼; 18 from Hamilton at 8¼.

Rothchilds & Byers bought 97 head from Lubker at 8¼; and 8 from McFadden at 8¾.

Pierce bought 56 from Emerick & Co. at 7.90; 296 from Crompton at 8; 17 from Dripps & Stockton at 7.85; 40 from Cochran at 9¼; 56 from Friend at 8.10.

SHEEP.

There was a very full supply of Sheep this week, but they were mostly of an inferior quality, and while prime fat mutton sheep suitable for the eastern retail markets, were in good demand, and sold readily at full prices; common and inferior grades were exceedingly dull, and could only be disposed of at very low figures. The best quality of fat Sheep may be quoted at 6¼ @ 6¾, gross, while medium to common sold at from 5¼ down to 4. If people would buy more mutton and less beef and pork, they would do much towards breaking down the exorbitant prices now current for the latter, while at the same time it is generally conceded that Sheep meat is the most healthful meat offered in market.

Glass, Lafferty & Co. sold 185 head for Hedges & Fiedler to J. Lloyd at 9.50 for Quick to same buyer, at 8.85. Lloyd also bought 169 from Grady, averaging 92, 5.40; 128 from Friend, averaging 84, 5.85; 33 from Eldred, averaging 90, at 5.75; 172 from Greene, averaging 90, at 5.90; 106 from Hedges & Taylor, averaging 78, at 5.40.

Hedges & Taylor sold 80 for Robinson to Deitrich at 4¾; 59 for Fox to Fidocek & Co. at 4¾; 179 for Hutchraft to Pearce at 4—$10 off; 176 for Shefter to Deitrich at 5.30; 80 for Hatton to same buyer, at 5.30; 80 for Vanfossan to same buyer, at 4¾; 180 for Swiekard to Kase at 5.35, 101 for Hunter to Deitrich at 5¼; 106 for Binninger to Kase at 5.40.

Smith Talmage sold 171 head for Irwin to Myers at 5.15.

Paxton to Kase 171 head fair Washington county Sheep, averaging 90, at 6.80; Myers to same buyer, 207, averaging 90, at 5.90.

Heiser bought 279 from Hedges at 5.15; 161 from Blackwood at 5; 171 from Meyers at 5.05; 179 from Jordan at 5.

Pageant bought 87 from Bare at 4¾; 99 from Miller at 4¾, and 172 from Pickering at 5.

Hunter sold 101 head to Deitrich at 5¼; Cox to Mathias at 4¾; Grace to McAlmer 177 at 4¾; Taggart to Dolson 140 at 5¼; Ruff to Broadhurst 179 at 5¼.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, February 20, 1868.

The general markets are moderately active in a local way; that is, there is a fair local demand for most of the leading articles, and a fair volume of business, in the aggregate, but there are no extensively few operations of a round lot character.

GRAIN—Winter Wheat is in steady demand and may be quoted at $2.40@2.45 for Red, and $2.80@2.82 for White. Corn is dull but unchanged; we can report sales of 500 bush. on wharf, at $1, and in store at $1.06@1.10. Oats a little dull; we continue to quote at 69@70c, on track, and 68@69c in store. Barley—none in market and is in active demand. Rye may be quoted at $1.40@1.45.

FLOUR—Is quiet and unchanged. Small sales in store at $10.50@11.50 for Spring Wheat; $11@12.50 for Winter Wheat, and $14@15 for Family brands. Rye Flour is unchanged at $9@9.50, in store, and Buckwheat at $4@4.50 per cwt.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is firm, but prices are unchanged; we continue to quote at 10½@10½c for Shoulders, 12½@13c for Ribbed Sides, and 14@15c for Sugar Cured Hams. Prime Kettle Lard, 14½@14¾c, in tierces, and 15¼@15¾c in kegs. Country Lard, 14@15c, in kegs, as to quality. Mess Pork, $23@23½.

HAY—Is in fair demand and steady, but unchanged; we can report sales of 71 load at the Allegheny Scales at $18@21 per ton; also, 8 car load of Timothy, for feeding, at $19, and 1 load of corn husks at 3c per pound.

BUTTER—Is firm and in demand but unchanged; sales of prime to choice Roll at 38@40c.

EGGS—Unchanged at 22@23c for limed, and fresh packed at 36@38c.

SEEDS—The market is quiet. Cloverseed may be quoted at 15@8 50; Timothy at $2.50@3, and Flaxseed at $2.30@2.40.

POTATOES—Continue dull but unchanged; small sales at 60@1.00 per bushel, and $4@5.50 per bbl, as to quality.

GREEN APPLES—The market is less active, but prices are unchanged, ranging from $6@8 per bbl, as to quality.

LARD OIL—Is firm but unchanged; we continue to give 95c for No. 2, and $1.17 for No. 1 as to the factory price.

DRIED FRUIT—Is steady but unchanged; sales of Peaches at 7@8c for quarters, and 10@11c for halves, and 7@8c for Apples. Cherries at 12c for unpitted, and 40c for pitted.

BEANS—Scarce and in fair local demand at at $1.70@1.80 per bushel.

ONIONS—Scarce and in demand; we can report sales at $4 per bbl (cash).

HOMINY—Unchanged; sales to the trade at $6,50@6,75, and $7 in a retail way.

CHEESE—Sales of Western Reserve at 15@16c, and Goshen at 18@19c.

CRANBERRIES—Range all the way from $14@18 per bbl, as to quality.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, February 20, 1868.

CRUDE—The market was considerably excited, and in consequence of an effort to establish an advance, there was little or nothing done—but a single sale reported, 400 bbls, on spot, at 7¼. Spot oil may be quoted at 7¼ to 7½, and there were no offers to sell March below 8c, but a large number to contract, however, that, as yet, buyers refuse to take hold at the advance, though this is always the case on the opening of an excited market, there being a disposition to hold off and await future developments, and this policy very frequently results disastrously to sellers, as by holding back they, in many cases, instead of buying for less pay considerably more. Oil City telegrams report considerable excitement at that point, and an advance of from 15 to 25c per barrel has been established, the lastest dispatches quoting at $2.70@2.75.

REFINED—The market for bonded oil was very much excited to-day, and while the transactions in the aggregate were larger than for some time past, prices are also a shade higher, and even at the advance, there appeared to be more buyers than sellers. The present movement seems to be entirely speculative, as the demand from the trade is reported light, and from this it is fair to infer that speculators have been some pretty well satisfied that prices are not likely in any event to go any lower, and this being the feeling, some of them have mustered up sufficient courage to "pitch in." The following sales were reported:

500	bbls	first half March.....24¼
500	"	" from April to June.....23½
1000	"	first half March.....24
1000	"	last half March.....24¼
1000	"	first half March—last night.....23½
1000	"	last half March.....24
500	"	first half April—last night.....24
500	"	"cash" for July at 26c and a dol.
1000	"	last half March.....24½
500	"	first half April.....24¾

ARRIVALS—The arrivals of oil by the Allegheny Valley Railroad to-day, were as follows:

Jas. Wilkins.....	84	Lockhart & Frew 900
Buffum & Kehew...	350	Clark & Summer... 480
Total.....		1764

New York Produce Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, February 20.—Cotton opened active, excited and fully ⅛c better, and closed with the advance lost, with sales of 43,000 bales at 24¼c for middling uplands, closing at 24c. Flour; the receipts amounted to 4,376 barrels; the market is dull, and moderately so for good grades are from 10 to 15c lower, with sales of 6,200 barrels at $8.50@9.25 for superfine State and western; $8.80@10.75 for extra State; $9.90@11.75 for extra western; $10.50@11.50 for choice do extra; $9.50@14 for Round Hoop Ohio; $10@12 for trade brands. Rye flour is unchanged at $9@15,25 for good to choice do, the market closing quiet. California flour ranges from $10 to 25c lower, with sales of 1,200 sacks at $12.75@14. Rye flour is a shade firmer, with sales of 425 barrels at prices ranging from $6.50@6.56. Corn Meal is steady and a shade easier, with sales of 1,500 barrels Brandywine at $6.25@6.37. Whisky is nominal and prices are unchanged. Grain; the receipts were 9,500 bushels; the market is dull and 1@2c lower, with sales of 25,000 bushels at $1.40@1.41 for No. 2 spring; $1.44@1.45 for No. 1 do delivered; $2.92½ for white Wisconsin, and $1.51 for white Canada. Rye is scarce and firm. Barley; there is but a light supply and prices are very firm Malt; the market is firm with sales of 1,600 bushels Canada East at $2.10. Corn; the receipts amounted to 57,475 bushels; the market is dull and 2@3c lower, with sales of 75,000 bushels at $1.23@1.26 for new mixed western afloat; $1.27 for yellow do; $1.30 for old mixed western afloat; $1.31@1.32 for old yellow Tennessee; $1.25@1.21 for yellow Jersey; $1.24 for white southern; $1.27@1.28 for yellow southern. Oats; receipts 47,000 bush; market dull and heavy, at 83@c bid and 86c asked for western in store; small sales of Ohio at 85@c afloat. Beef is quiet and steady. Pork; sales of 2,000 bbls, at $21.75@21.90 for new mess; closing at $21.50 cash; $20.50@20.75 for old do, closing at $22.37 cash; $18.50@20.00 for prime and $20@21 for prime mess. Beef hams are quiet and steady, at $13@14 for new plain mess and $18@22 for new extra mess; sales of 125 tierces, at 23½@26.50 for prime mess and $28@30 for extra do. Cut Meats steady; sales of 270 bbls at 9¾@10c for pickled bellies; 11½@11¾c for pickled hams; 650 boxes, at 11c for Cumberland cut; 11½c long rib; 11¾c for short ribbed; 13c for long clear in barrel; at 13½c for short clear. Cut Meats firm; sales of 839 pkgs, at 10@10½c for shoulders and 13½@13¾c for hams. Dressed Hogs are firm; sales of 300 at 9½c for prime and 11¾@11¾c for city. Lard firmer; sales of 1,100 bbls at 14¾@15½c. Butter active and firmer; at 48@50c for Ohio. Cheese 11@13½c. Freights to Liverpool steady; engagements of 20,000 bush corn per steam at 10d.

LATEST—Flour closed dull and 5 to 10c lower. Wheat quiet and in the buyers favor. Rye nominally unchanged. Corn heavy at $1.23@1.26 for mixed western afloat, and $1.29@1.30 for old do. delivered. Oats dull at 83@c for western in store. Pork firmer; closing at $21.62½ for cash; $21.75 for old mess; $21@24.12½ for March, and $24.25@24.50 for April. Beef quiet and unchanged. Cut meats firmer; prices are 9¾@10c for pickled bellies; 11½@11¾c for pickled hams; 13½c for Cumberland cut. Lard firm, at 14¾@15½c for fair to prime steam and kettle rendered.

Cincinnati Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, February 20.—Flour and Wheat dull and unchanged. Corn in fair demand at 86c for car. Oats dull at 65c for No. 1. Rye in fair demand, and the supply light at $1.30. Pork firm at $21.75@22. Barley dull and prices lower; fall, $2.35@2.40. Tobacco in demand; sales of 140 hhds and 69 tierces at 5@12½ for lugs and 12½@17½ for leaf. Cotton irregular, buyers holding off; middling could have been bought at 22c at the close, though holders were asking higher prices. Whiskey dull and prices nominal. Provisions firmer, with a considerable speculative demand; prices are higher. Mess Pork sold at $24.00 for new, and $23.00 for old. Lard, 15c. Bacon, 9½c, 10½c and 12½c. Bacon in demand at 10½c, 12½c, 13½c and 14c for shoulders, sides and clear ribbed, and 15½c for sugar cured hams. Sugar cured Hams in good demand at 16@16c; common do. at 14½@15c, all canvassed and packed. Sugar cured hams in good demand at 14½c for new; old is held at 13½@14c, with sales at inside figures. Butter firm at 35@40c for fresh to prime. Eggs active at New York State. Eggs declined to 24@25c, and the supply better. Sugar and Coffee steady at previous prices; sugar, 14@15c; Coffee, 21@25½c for common to choice Rio. Clover Seed; quick, with a moderate jobbing demand at $12.50. Timothy Seed, $2.50@2.60. Linseed Oil firmer; sales at $1.18, but the demand is only moderate. Lard Oil, $1.15@1.20. Petroleum firmer; refined, 45@45c. Gold, 140 buying, and 140¾ selling.

Chicago Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—Flour continues dull and heavy; sales of 1,000 barrels Spring Extras and standard brands; other brands are nominal. Wheat is unsettled; sales of 30,000 bushels of No. 1, at $2.02@2.03 according to location; No. 2 is irregular; opening at $1.97, advancing to $1.98, and closing at $1.96@1.97. Corn is firm and moderatively active at 78½@78¾c; closing with buyers at 78c; sellers at 78¾c. Oats are dull and lower at 56@56c. Rye is more active, and 1@2c higher; closing at 93@93½c for No. 1; $1.04@1.06 for No. 2. Barley is firm and active at 90@95c for No. 2. Provisions firm. Sales of Mess Pork at $20.00@20.25, cash; $20.62@20.50 for March delivery. Lard is firmer at 13½c. Cut Meats are active and firm; sales of Shoulders at 9c, loose; Sides, 10@10½c; short ribbed Hams, 12½c. Green Meats are quiet. Cut Meats are firm. Dressed Hogs are in moderate request; sales of 1,000 at $8.50@8.75 for light; $8.75@9.00 for soft, heavy, are $8.25, frozen, do. $7.50@8.00. Receipts—4,087 bbls Flour; 15,548 bu. Wheat; 90,956 bu. Corn; 5,128 bu. Oats; 1,281 bu. Rye; 1,281 bu. Barley; 1,128 bu. Oats; 1,200 bu. Rye. Hogs. Shipments—6,264 bbls Flour; 1,470 bu. Wheat; 31,328 bu. Corn; 4,000 bu. Oats. 1,842 dressed Hogs.

Cleveland Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CLEVELAND, February 20.—Flour quiet and the demand is light; double extra spring at $10.75@11.50; double extra red winter at $11@11.50; single extra do. at $10.50@10.75; and $9.50 to $10 below the above figures. Wheat quiet and unchanged; sales of 1,000 bushels at $2.03@2.05 for No 1 red winter; $2.06@2.08 for No 2 do; $2.30@2.35 for No 1 Milwaukee spring; $2.25@2.27 for No 2 do; $2.10@2.12 for No 3 do; $1.90@1.95 for rejected; $1.80@1.85 for No 1 white Canada. Corn active and firm; sales of 2,000 bushels at 81c for No 1 mixed western afloat; 80c for No 2 do; 78c for No 3 do; 75c for No 4 do; 74c for rejected; 82c for No 1 white; 81c for No 2 do; 80c for No 3 do; 78c for No 4 do; 76c for rejected. Oats quiet and steady; sales of 2,000 bushels at 58c for No 1 State and Canada; 56c for No 2 do; 54c for No 3 do; 52c for rejected. Barley quiet and steady; sales of 1,000 bushels at 90c for No 1 State and Canada; $1.00@1.02 for No 2 do; $1.10@1.12 for No 1 Canada West; $1.20@1.22 for No 2 do; $1.30@1.35 for No 1 Canada East; $1.40@1.45 for No 2 do; $1.50@